The Columbian.

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MONTHLY MEETING OF TOWN COUNCIL

Will Issue Bonds to Pay Off Outstanding Orders, Amounting to $16,000.

Health Board Makes Report.

The regular January meeting of the Town Council was held Thursday night, with President Townsend and all the members, excepting Samuel Pursel, present.

Following the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting, which were approved, Mr. Rhoades called Council's attention to the non-compliance of the Danville & Bloomsburg Street Railway Company, to the order requiring fenders on their cars. Mr. Townsend said the company would comply and that the fenders would be placed on the cars in a few days.

Secretary Freeze Quick stated that he had given Constable Miles Betz, a list of the people who according to the recent resolution of Council, would be compelled to lay pavements in front of their properties.

Chief of the fire department G. E. Lewis, appeared before council, and reported that the present equipment of the department is not only inadequate but that it is not up to the requirements of the Underwriters Association. Some of the companies have only 350 feet of hose, when they should have 1000 feet. He recommended the immediate purchase of 1100 feet of hose, and also asked for an appropriation of $150, to be used for the purchase of rubber coats and gum boots for the firemen. The Good Will Company, he said, is in need of chemicals. He recommended that the alarm box, at present located near the Heddens Hotel on Iron Street, be removed to a point on First Street, near the residence of Paul E. Wirt.

On motion of Mr. Reimard, seconded by Mr. Hughes, it was decided to make an appropriation of $150, to purchase equipment as recommended by Chief Lewis.

Fred Neyhart, residing on Eyer Street, appeared and asked for an incandescent electric light. On motion, request was granted, and it was ordered that a light be placed in the alley for the convenience of the people residing there.

President Townsend stated that he had filled the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Street Commissioner William Kashner, by the appointment of Henry Dieffenbach, and that it was now up to Council to ratify the appointment, or reject it and appoint some other person. On motion Mr. Deiffenbach's appointment was confirmed.

The report of the Board of Health, prepared and submitted by its secretary Dr. S. B. Arment, showed that there had been placed under quarantine the following cases; diphtheria 24; scarlet fever 18; measles 2; and chicken pox 1.

There was no typhoid fever reported, but it was estimated that there had probably been in the neighborhood of 25 cases. There were 2 deaths from diphtheria and 1 from scarlet fever.

The report stated that the sanitary condition of the town had been excellent and the cleaning of the alleys and gutters in the fall has had the good effect of allowing the surface water to flow freely. The report continued that notwithstanding the flood, owing to the care the Board of Health had exercised in having the wells cleaned in the flooded district and in enforcing upon the people in the flooded district the importance of boiling the water before using it no bad results had followed.

The estimate of expense for the coming year was fixed at $388.50, and was made up as follows: Health officer $150, secretary, $60, telephone 1904, $10.50; telephone 1905, $18.00; printing, $5; stationery and postage, $25; sundries, $25. The report spoke of the good work of the board in confining the cases of smallpox which raged in Sugarloaf township to the locality in which it originated.

THE BOND ISSUE.

Council decided to issue bonds to pay off the outstanding orders. President Townsend prefaced the motion by stating that for years,

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STATEMENT FROM PRESIDENT WIRT.

Presents Water Co's. Side Regarding Water For Fire Protection.

Tests Show Supply to be Good.

It seems unavoidable, that after every fire there should be adverse criticism and general fault-finding with the water supply of this town for fire protection. It is almost invariably the case that a certain amount of cussing of the Water Company, its system and management must be indulged in after every fire. The Town Council as well as individuals all take a hand in it. That this periodical fault-finding is based principally upon rumors and mistakes the Water Company stands ready and willing at any and all times to prove.

In the first place, there has been invested by the Bloomsburg Water Company about eighty thousand dollars for the benefit of the town alone; that is to say, that amount has been spent by the Company for fire protection for its citizens in its enlarged reservoir, piping and engines.

With nearly half of the expenditure made by this company as their system now is, the town could have been supplied for years with water for ordinary purposes outside of fires.

In every instance of enlargement or improvement, the question of fire supply came first, was first considered, and this absolutely and particularly for the safety of the homes, stores, factories and mills of the citizens of this town.

For this enormous outlay, in excess of what would have been sufficient to afford only so much water as would be used in the regular way, the Bloomsburg Water Company received from the town for fire protection the munificent sum of twenty dollars per fire plug—less money than nine out of ten of the towns throughout the land are paying for similar service.

The town pays the Water Company about one and a half per cent. on the money invested for the sole benefit of the town, that flames may not sweep it out of existence some day or night. The reduced rate of insurance to the residents of the town by reason of the fire protection offered by the Bloomsburg Water Company's system makes up more than twice over the amount paid the Water Company by the town. These are facts stated, and if any one will but take the trouble to look into it at any time they may be corroborated. The Water Company will cheerfully assist at any sober investigation of the subject.

These matters are more particularly referred to because of the kick that invariably comes along after a fire, about the time the town authorities are considering the water rents for fire plugs.

By recent practical test by insurance authorities, it ought to be a known fact that the water supply in this town in case of fire stands close to the head of the list. Those whose business life depends upon it have thoroughly investigated and so report.

The firemen of this town are to be heartily commended for their efficiency, pluck and endurance, and every effort should be made to care for them who so willingly give their time, money and effort to save property. But at the same time it may not be amiss that the Council or those in authority who control the fire department, see to it that the boys know how to open and close a fire plug, and how to do it quickly and to see to it that they have the proper tools to do it with.

At the recent Woolen Mill fire two or three men together tried to open a plug by turning it the wrong way and breaking wrenches and much delay was caused. This occurs at nearly every fire. For years the Water Company have been constantly following the wake of a fire, repairing plugs that have been badly handled. Delay in getting a stream upon the fire necessarily follows when for ten or fifteen minutes some one is trying to open up a plug by operating it in the wrong way. There is certainly disaster in this kind of delay and the Water Company also should not be held responsible for it. The

[Continued on 8th page, 5h Column.]

Familiarity Breeds Satisfaction.

Banks are becoming more and more the custodians of the funds of the people, of both large and small means. This is due not only to the better security afforded by a well equipped and carefully managed bank, but also to a wider appreciation of the value of good banking service as its usefulness is extended and its methods become better known. In the case of the

Bloomsburg National Bank

"FAMILIARITY BREEDS SATISFACTION," so we invite those whom we have not had the pleasure to serve, to familiarize yourselves with our methods, standing, and the service we can give you. We will be pleased to *HAVE YOU CALL.*

A. Z. SCHOCH, President. WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier.

THE WORK OF LICENSE COURT.

Remonstrators Won Out In Every Case Which They Protested.

J.E.Sands' Application Granted

An audience which filled every seat in the room was on hand when Court convened to consider the hundred and nineteen applications for licenses, at ten o'clock Monday morning. The interest manifested was apparently much greater than had been displayed in former years and the attendance throughout the several sessions was large.

Judge Little presided and the two associates J. T. Fox and William Krickbaum were also on the bench.

Before any of the cases were taken up the following communication, from Pomona Grange No. 5, was read:

An appeal to the License Court of Columbia County:

Resolved, By Pomona Grange No. 5 in regular session assembled at Orangeville, January 6th, 1905, that we hereby respectfully appeal to the Honorable Judges of Columbia county that at the approaching license court they refuse to grant license to sell liquor where none now exist and especially in rural districts.

(Attest): MRS. ROSA WENNER, Secretary.

By order of Judge Little the appeal, which he siad was entitled to a good deal of respect and consideration, was filed and copied on the minutes.

The Court then took up the list of license applications.

There being no objections against the old applicants they were all granted.

The first case taken up against which a remonstrance had been filed was that of M. J. Devanny, for a restaurant license at Jamison City. The applicant was the first to take the witness stand. He told of the suitable location he had procured and explained the existing public demand for a place such as he proposed to keep. There is but one licensed bar in the town and meals can be had there only at regular hours. People he said, are arriving and leaving on the trains and the call for lunches and meals between the regular meal hours is constant. It is this class of trade that he hopes to accommodate. The need of an additional place he said is emphasized by the fact that the bar room and even the office of the City Hotel is frequently so crowded and overrun that it is impossible to get through. The population of Jamison City, in his opinion, is nearly double what it was some years ago when there were five licensed places in the town.

Mr. Devanny was supported by five other witnesses, namely, J. H. VanSickle, George Hassenplug, Fred K. Getz, Charles Turner and Clarence Hess. All of them were of the opinion that a restaurant would be a public convenience.

On the other hand, the witnesses for the remonstrance, R. M. Davis, Dr. M. H. Smithgall, J. L. Sutton, W. L. Borden, J. P. Hill and O. B. Ammerman testified that both the eating and drinking accommodation of the City Hotel were in every way adequate and that there is no need for another licensed place.

John G. Harman, Esq. represented the applicant and Hon. H. M. Hinckley, of Danville, and R. R. Johu Esq., appeared for the remonstrances.

It was twelve o'clock when the Devanney case was concluded and Court adjourned till half past one o'clock.

Upon reconvening, Patrick Connovan, of Centralia, was admitted to citizenship after which the application of Michael B. Hill for a hotel license in Catawissa township was taken up. On the stand Mr. Hill described the location of the house and stated that it was originally planned for just such purposes as he proposed to put it if the Court considered his application favorably.

Jacob Hower who built the house told of the great amount of travel over the road. Testimony favorable to the applicant was given by Charles M. Drumheller and George Murray. The Court here terminated the proceeding by stating that they could see no necessity for an additional hotel in Catawissa township and the application was accordingly refused.

Dennis Dorsey's application for a license at the City Hotel, Jamison City, was next heard. He built the hotel in 1890 and rented it to Matthew Forbes but he now desires to conduct it himself.

The next case was that of Matthew Forbes, of Jamison City. This was an application for a restaurant license, in a building known as the "Blue Front." Mr. Forbes conducted this place six years ago but left it to take charge of the City Hotel. In view of the fact that Mr. Dorsey desires possession of his building, the City Hotel, it becomes necessary for Mr. Forbes to get another location. The applicant was followed on the witness stand by O. K. Shultz who described the great stride Jamison City has taken in point of size and population during the past two years. Last year he said, the town experienced the greatest boom in its history, and more houses were built than in the ten years preceding. Along with this growth there is an increasing demand for public accommodations which the City Hotel does not supply.

'Gus Oleson, Supt. for the Union Tanning Co., was the next witness. He was of the opinion that another licensed place would serve to divide the crowd, which frequently fills the City Hotel to overcrowding. He is not a drinking man, but business engagements takes him to the Hotel, and he has often seen the place very much congested.

Further testimony for Forbes was

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25 % Reduction

Special Sale of Enamel Ware, Stransky, Elite, and Crysolite All Standard Goods.

FOR SALE BY

J. G. Wells,

General Hardware

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BLIZZARD COMING!

So says the weather man.
How's your Ulster?
Got one?
EVERY MAN should have a good Ulster in reserve.
Here are big, warm fellows that hug you to the neck—and yet made so skilfully that the weight on your shoulders is not great. Ulsters are not an expensive luxury.

$10 FOR A GOOD FRIEZE.

The Time to Get an Ulster Is Before You Want It

A good stiff Blizzard now and then is relished by the Ulster man.

BEN GIDDING

Corner Main and Center Sts.

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

= Useful Gifts =

CHAIR COMFORT.—Rest is often sought but not always found. The makers of some furniture overlook the fact that it is for use and not for show. We are showing a line of Rockers that are solid comfort. They have beauty and strength too. Made of fine Mahogany and Oak, and finely finished.

Come in and rest in one when tired and we know it will find a place in your home.

Prices from $2.25 to $20.00

MAHOGANY FURNITURE

has no equal for elegance and durability and we are now showing some elegant and exclusive pieces.

In our Market Street Window this week we make a display of Mahogany Furniture and would be pleased to show you our complete line.

THE STYLES ARE THE LATEST AND THE DESIGNS THE BEST MADE.

THE LEADER STORE CO., LTD.

4TH AND MARKET STREETS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WHY FORTRESS FELL

General Stoessel Interviewed on Leaving Nagasaki.

LOSS OF METER HILL A DEADLY BLOW

Defender of Port Arthur Said: "It Is Not True That I Dissented From Decision to Surrender; We Had No Hope of Relief."

LONDON, Jan. 18.—A Nagasaki dispatch says that General Stoessel, who left that port yesterday with his family for Odessa, when interviewed before his departure, said:

"The capitulation of Port Arthur occurring on New Year's day was merely a coincidence. The loss of Two Hundred and Three Meter hill and the subsequent capture of forts, combined with the deadly marksmanship with the terrible eleven inch shells, the depressing effect of the death of General Kondratenko and the fearful increase of scurvy, really fixed the time of capitulation. It is quite untrue that I dissented from the unanimous decision of the final council of war. Our final urgent requests for relief were never answered. As regards parole, I distinctly discouraged any concerted action. Every officer decided for himself. Generally commanding officers stuck with their men and chose imprisonment. Most of the naval officers also chose captivity, many probably being influenced by the fear of impending court martial."

There were actually surrendered at Port Arthur between nine and ten thousand soldiers and sailors, of whom many were unfit for duty. The sick and wounded numbered 16,000. Fifty per cent of the officers of the garrison were killed, and only 28 (probably per cent) went through the siege unscathed.

The fortress could have held out for some time longer but for the fire of the Japanese eleven inch howitzers, which destroyed the food depots, the workshops and the ammunition stores and made the repair of the defensive works impossible.

Interviews with other Russian officers revealed great bitterness against and denunciations of Admiral Alexieff for his failure to properly fortify Port Arthur and "his cowardly flight" by the last train from the fortress. They say the torpedo boat destroyers that escaped before the surrender carried all the regimental and naval colors to Chefu. The junior officers denounce the incapacity and folly of the government in entering upon the war and declare that all the men who return to Russia from Port Arthur are revolutionists in spirit. These opinions were openly expressed in the presence of General Stoessel, who remarked: "Let them talk. They have earned the right to think as they please by braving untold deaths for our country."

A Mukden report details an attempt of a strong Japanese detachment of infantry, cavalry and artillery to cut off the column of General Mischtschenko's cavalry as the latter retired northward.

The Japanese under cover of a mist outflanked the Russians. A battle ensued, the Russian artillery with the column inflicting heavy losses on the Japanese at short range and then retiring. The Russian losses were five officers and forty men killed or wounded.

The Russian protest against the imputation that General Mischtschenko's cavalry violated Chinese neutrality, even if—of which there is at present no evidence—they crossed the Liao river above Newchwang, claiming that a small strip on the west bank is distinctly reserved as included in the sphere of hostilities.

Russia's Thanks to Hay.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Russia, through Count Cassini, has expressed her thanks to the American government for its prompt action in calling to China's attention the charges that her neutrality was being violated. The Russian ambassador received a note from Secretary Hay acknowledging the communication of Count Lamsdorff and informing the ambassador that the American government had promptly called China's attention to the charges and expressed the fervent hope that China's neutrality as well as her administrative entity would be faithfully preserved.

Run on Buffalo Bank.

BUFFALO, Jan. 18.—A run was started yesterday on the Citizens' bank, lasting only for the day, due, according to President Joseph Block, to the sending out of anonymous letters stating that "depositors would serve their interests by withdrawing their deposits" and possibly to the withdrawal of large sums of money by brewers which they sent around to saloons for the purpose of cashing pay checks of railroad men.

Mormon Senator's Defense.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Attorneys for Senator Smoot put on the stand witnesses to discredit the testimony of the three witnesses for the protestants who gave what they alleged to be the oaths taken by Mormons who go through the temples and take the endowment ceremony of the Mormon church.

Strike In Oil Fields Ended.

BAKU, Jan. 18.—The strike in the oil fields is nearly ended, owing to concessions having been granted to the employees. Only a small proportion of the men have failed to return to work.

Marconi Engagement an Invention.

ROME, Jan. 18.—The Italie denies the reported engagement of Signor Marconi to Princess Giacinta Rospoli.

UNFAVORABLE TO HOOKER.

Report of Bar Association Made Public at Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 18.—The New York State Bar association last night rounded out the first day of its twenty-eighth annual meeting with a reception at the Fort Orange club in honor of Hon. William Lindsay of New York city, formerly United States senator from Kentucky and later chief judge of the highest court of that state.

This session of the association is made more than ordinarily important and interesting by reason of the report of the grievance committee upon the accusations against Warren B. Hooker of Fredonia, Chautauqua county, a justice of the supreme court in the eighth judicial district, whose name was involved by postoffice department officials in the so called "postoffice scandals."

The accusations were called to the attention of the association by the bar association of Jamestown and were referred to the grievance committee, whose report is, on the whole, unfavorable to Justice Hooker, and the subcommittee's recommendation is that "a further investigation be had by the legislature before a tribunal having compulsory process."

SWAYNE VOTE TODAY.

House Agreed to Settle Impeachment Case at Once.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—With an agreement reached to vote on the Swayne impeachment articles at 3:30 this afternoon the debate in the house was carried on at high pressure for more than five hours. Mr. Grosvenor furnished the text for a very vigorous speech by Bourke Cockran by the reading of a letter from Judge Pardee of New Orleans declaring that politics was at the bottom of the impeachment proceedings. The fact of a judge transmitting such a letter, Mr. Cockran declared dramatically, was "a monstrous spectacle."

Mr. Grosvenor asserted that there was no ground presented for impeachment in the report of the committee. The other defenders of the Florida judge during the day were Messrs. Lacey of Iowa, Nevin of Ohio, Moon of Pennsylvania and Crumpacker of Indiana. Mr. Lamar of Florida closed the debate for the day, reviewing the sentiment of his state and the record of Judge Swayne. He declared there was ample ground for impeachment.

Talbot Case to Be Aired In Court.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 18.—The controversy between Right Rev. Ethelbert Talbot, bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of central Pennsylvania, and Rev. Dr. I. N. W. Irvine has taken a new turn, and it is probable that the whole affair will be aired in the civil courts. Dr. Irvine has filed notice of a suit for slander against Bishop Talbot, asking damages. The papers were served on the bishop when he came to this city to preside at the meeting of the general committee on Sunday school instruction.

Not Body of Mrs. Silk.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 18.—The unidentified body recovered from the hull of the steamer Glen Island, burned on Long Island sound, is not that of Mrs. Rosa Silk of this city. When the body was recovered an envelope bearing her address was in the clothing. Mrs. Silk's son Isaac went to claim the body, but he was convinced it was not that of his mother. In the opinion of a New York surgeon the body is that of a man. Members of the Silk family now are mystified over the disappearance of Mrs. Silk.

Second Cabinet Dinner.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The second cabinet dinner of the season in honor of the president and Mrs. Roosevelt took place last night, with the secretary of the treasury and Mrs. Shaw as hosts. The additional guests were the British ambassador and Lady Durand, the French ambassador and Mme. Jusserand, Senator and Mrs. Elkins and others.

McCue Granted a Reprieve.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 18.—The governor last night granted a reprieve to J. Samuel McCue, who was to have been hanged at Charlottesville on Friday for the murder of his wife, until Feb. 10 to give time for the state supreme court to consider his amended application for a writ of error.

Emperor Receives Fushimi.

TOKYO, Jan. 18.—Prince Saduaru Fushimi, who has arrived here from a tour of the United States, was received in audience by the emperor. The prince expressed his appreciation of American hospitality and said he was much impressed by the friendliness manifested for Japan.

Wealthy Newburger's Bequests.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Jan. 18.—The will of David F. B. Carson, a wealthy resident of Newburg, who died recently, leaves, among other bequests, $5,000 to the Methodist church at Dalton, Mass., his birthplace, and $1,000 to the Chapin Home For the Aged and Infirm in New York.

Russians Occupy Kashgar.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—A Shanghai dispatch says that the Chinese government complains that Russians have occupied Kashgar, the governor of which has appealed to the Chinese foreign board to open negotiations for the withdrawal of the Russians.

Germany Objects to Name.

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—Foreign Secretary von Richthofen has again conveyed to the American chamber of commerce of Berlin intimation of the government's unwillingness to recognize a foreign institution in Berlin under that name.

END OF AUTOCRACY

Hebrew President Prophecies Its Fall.

ROOSEVELT CHAMPION OF HUMANITY

Board of Congregation Delegates Have Done Great Work In Helping Jews In Russia—Were Aided by President.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—"The overthrow of Russian autocracy will be the last echo of the voice of Kishineff."

This was a prophecy in passing over the subject of Jewish civil and religious rights in America by President Samuel Woolner of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations in making his report to the nineteenth council of the organization assembled here. He advised united effort to oppose possible future immigration legislation which might be inimical to Jewish interests. Speaking of the work of the board of delegates on civil and religious rights, President Woolner said:

"While the Kishineff protest was not officially the work of our board of delegates, yet our chairman, Simon Wolf, was one of the workers who, together with the late lamented Leo N. Levi, framed this historical document and stirred the American citizens to indorse it in righteous wrath. The overthrow of the Russian autocracy will be the last echo of Kishineff.

"More than a year ago our board of delegates met in Washington to lay before the president of the United States and the department of state the continued disregard on the part of certain foreign governments of the passport when presented by American citizens of Jewish faith. So successful has this informal petition been that the matter has been brought officially before the new Russian minister of the interior, from whom the whole world now expects a favorable recommendation to the czar.

"The interpretation of the immigration laws, which often works hardships to Jewish immigrants, has, through the agency of Chairman Wolf, often been modified in favor of the victims of religious persecution. There is no doubt but that the immigration question will soon require the combined wisdom of the American Jews to prevent the framing of national laws which might prove inimical to the Jewish immigrant."

In the course of his report President Woolner styled President Roosevelt "champion of humanity."

Editors Criticise Pennypacker.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 18.—The Pennsylvania State Editorial association at its annual meeting here adopted resolutions criticising Governor Pennypacker for his reference to the press in his recent biennial message to the legislature. Dietrick Lamade of Williamsport, the retiring president, made an address, in which he said that he hoped to see the day when no public officer, no matter how high his office, will dare to suggest for the members of the association the ducking stool, the assassins' pistol or annihilation at the request of six citizens.

Wheelock-Dix Wedding at New York

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Miss Catherine Margaret Dix, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Morgan Dix, was married in Trinity church to William H. Wheelock, the ceremony being performed by the bride's father, the rector of Trinity, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Manning, vicar of St. Agnes' chapel. Among those present were Miss Alice Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt and Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Robinson.

McCumber For Senator.

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 18.—Both houses of the North Dakota legislature have voted in separate session for United States senator. The entire Republican vote in each house was cast for Senator P. J. McCumber. Today at the joint session the formal ballot was cast for Senator McCumber.

Trainmen Deny Strike Report.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 18.—Officials at the headquarters of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen in this city deny that any count of the vote relative to a contemplated strike on the Pennsylvania system is being made here. The matter is entirely in the hands of Vice Grand Master Lee at present.

Swept Over Niagara Falls.

BUFFALO, Jan. 18.—Joseph Labroso, employed on the crib construction work of the Electrical Development company just above the cataract at Niagara falls, lost his balance while on a crib, fell into the swift current and was swept over the falls. Nothing has been seen of his body.

Want Tax on Oleomargarine.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 18.—A meeting of representatives of the agricultural and dairy interests of Pennsylvania was held here to take action against the proposed attempt to repeal the Grout bill taxing colored oleomargarine 10 cents a pound by the present session of congress.

White Star to Have Marconi Magic.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—A contract has been signed with the White Star line for the equipment of their vessels with the Marconi wireless telegraph apparatus. The first vessel to be installed will be the Oceanic, which will leave England toward the end of the month.

Knox Elected Senator.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 18.—Philander C. Knox has been elected United States senator for the short and long terms to succeed the late Senator Quay by the Pennsylvania legislature.

MONTE A WINNER.

Feature at New Orleans Was Defeat of Ascot Belle In Third Race.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 18.—Favorites fared as badly on a fast track here as they did in the deep going of a few days ago. Lineal and Monte were the only decided choices to finish first. Homestead, who was out to the last ounce to win the fourth race, closed in the betting on even terms with Lady Charlot, but the mare carried more money, having been backed down from fives. Summaries:

First Race.—Darius, first; Sadducee, second; Dalesman, third.

Second Race.—Lineal, first, Harpoon, second; Judge Saufley, third.

Third Race.—Monte, first; Ascot Belle, second; Montebank, third.

Fourth Race. — Homestead, first; Handspinner, second; Little Boy, third.

Fifth Race.—Mezzo, first; Moweta, second; Hoodwink, third.

Sixth Race.—Rian, first; Miss Betty, second; Rachael Ward, third.

Hunt Fox on Foot or Horseback?

BARRE, Mass., Jan. 18.—L. W. Campbell of Woonsocket, R. I., took a long chance at a fox in the Moose brook region at the opening of the Brunswick Fur club winter hunt, and P. A. Dowd of Worcester took the fox at long range in the rear legs, but the animal got away. There were six hunters out. More are expected at the annual meeting to see whether the Brunswick Fur club shall change into a hunt club or keep its present policy of laying in wait for foxes on foot.

The Reprobate Win Suspected.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—The judges are investigating the third race at Oakland, which was won by The Reprobate. Albemarle, on her recent form, was the legitimate favorite, but went back in the betting, closing at 3 to 1. The coup was on The Reprobate. Opening at 4 to 1, his price was hammered down to 8 to 5, and several of the bookmakers held him out entirely. The Reprobate won easily by half a dozen lengths. Lady Kent beat Meada for the place.

Waswift at Ascot.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 18.—Waswift was the only successful favorite at Ascot. The track was soft, but not muddy, and several of the outsiders found it to their liking. Emperor of India won the best race of the day by a neck from Hans Wagner.

Surprises at Hot Springs.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Jan. 18.—The bettors had rather a bad day of it at Essex park. Wild Irishman and Ethics were the only winners whose victories put money in the pockets of the form players. The two surprises were Voltaic and Billy Moore.

Maid Shot by Coachman.

DANBURY, Conn., Jan. 18.—Helen Sheridan, forty years old, a maid in the family of Edward Stone, a dry goods merchant of this city, was shot and instantly killed here by John Andersen, Mr. Stone's coachman. Andersen picked up a revolver which lay upon a table in a room in which both were, and while he was examining the weapon it was discharged. The bullet struck Miss Sheridan in the head, and she expired at once. Andersen gave himself up to the police.

Would Steal Canada Away.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Lord Minto, former governor general of Canada, speaking at Minto, near Hawick, last night, on the proposed colonial conference and the question of preferential treatment, said Canada could not wait forever, and if she received nothing but a bucket of cold water she would be justified in saying there were other opportunities before her. The United States was seeking reciprocity with Canada in the hope of stealing her away from Great Britain.

Boiler Explosion at Graves Mountain

WASHINGTON, Ga., Jan. 18.—Two persons were killed and two more very seriously injured near here by a boiler explosion at Graves Mountain, in Lincoln county. Two negroes who were standing near the engine at the time of the explosion were blown over a rail fence, a distance of twenty feet, but not hurt. The engine and a small tool house were completely demolished.

A Third Victim Discovered.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 18.—A third victim of the drowning accident at Reservoir park here was disclosed when the body of E. P. Weber, twenty-seven years old, was taken from the waters of the lake. The bodies of R. Barton Thompson and Ernest J. Bland were recovered yesterday. The three broke through the ice while skating.

Farmer Suicide Used a Poker.

GREENWICH, Mass., Jan. 18.—Ephriam Hattaway, fifty-six years of age, a farmer of this place, committed suicide near here by placing the butt of a shotgun against the barn door and, with the muzzle at his left breast, firing the weapon with a poker. Death was instantaneous.

Six Thousand For Loss of Husband.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 18.—At Oswego a supreme court jury awarded Mrs. Margaret Gleason a verdict of $6,000 against the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad company for the death of her husband. He was killed in a collision at Oswego exactly one year ago.

Radium In Solar Photosphere.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 18.—Professor Monroe B. Snyder, director of the Philadelphia observatory, announced that he has discovered the existence of radium in the solar photosphere and of radium emanation in the solar corona and in the auroral streamers of the earth.

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—DEALERS IN—

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confectionery and Nuts.

Henry Millard's Fine Candies. Fresh Ever Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

Sole Agents for JUPITER, KING OSCAR, COLUMBIAN, WRITTEN GUARANTEE, Etc. Also F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco.

ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,

or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

Two Doors Above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

FREE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The Great American Farmer Indianapolis, Indiana. The Leading Agricultural Journal of the Nation. Edited by an Able Corps of Writers.

The American Farmer is the only Literary Farm Journal published. It fills a position of its own and has taken the leading place in the homes of rural people in every section of the United States. It gives the farmer and his family something to think about aside from the humdrum of routine duties.

Every issue contains an original poem by Solon L. Goode.

We offer two papers for the price of one: THE COLUMBIAN the oldest county paper and *The American Farmer* both one year for $1.00.

This unparalleled offer is made to all new subscribers, and all old ones who pay up all arrears and renew within thirty days. Sample copies free. Address:

THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Woman's Home Companion.

The January number of the *Woman's Home Companion* makes good its title of being a Woman's magazine. Marion Harland writes on "My Twelve Favorite Receipts." Other articles of interest to the housewife are "How to Bring Up the Children," "Mrs. Sangster's Home Page," "A Calendar Party," "For the Girl Who Earns Her Own Living," "Mottoes for the New-year," "Underwear for the Little Folks," "Some Famous Old Virginia Dishes." The double page contains a number of photographs showing the charm of old age. Henry Irving Dodge has a dramatic story of modern business, "The Epoch-Making Struggle for Northern Pacific," and Fritz Morris writes on "When Royalty Goes Visiting." The fiction includes "The King of Diamonds," by Louis Tracy; "Uncle Peleg's Queer Will," by Frederick Smith, and "Father," by Owen Oliver. Published by The Crowell Publishing Company, Springfield, Ohio; one dollar a year; ten cents a copy.

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL : : : : : :

FOR PILES,

ONE APPLICATION BRINGS RELIEF.

SAMPLE MAILED FREE.

At Druggists, 25 cents, or mailed. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Vital Weakness and Prostration from overwork and other causes. Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy. $1 per vial, or special package for serious cases, $5.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., William & John Sts., N. Y.

ELY'S LIQUID CREAM BALM is an old friend in a new form. It is prepared for the particular benefit of sufferers from nasal catarrh who are used to an atomizer in spraying the diseased membranes. All the healing and soothing properties of Cream Balm are retained in the new preparation It does not dry up the secretions. Price, including spraying tube, 75 cents. At your druggist's or Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York, will mail it.

Most of us expect better obituary notices than are coming to us.

Faith Wanted for 30 Minutes.—We will positively cure you of nervousness, sleeplessness, indigestion and heart disease, if you will only have sufficient faith to take one dose of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure. To believe in this instance means health to you. It will relieve every form of heart disease in 30 minutes. It strengthens the nerves by feeding them through the heart.—17

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

It's the woman who doesn't show her age who hesitates to tell it.

Those Worrying Piles!—One application of Dr. Agnew's Ointment will give you comfort. Applied every night for three to six nights and a cure is effected in the most stubborn cases of Blind, Bleeding, or Itching Piles Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures Eczema and all itching and burning skin diseases It acts like magic. 35 cents.—18

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Many a man who is his own boss would like to be working for some other fellow.

Her Heart like a Polluted Spring.—Mrs. James Srigley, Pelee Island, Ont., says: "I was for five years afflicted with dyspepsia, constipation, heart disease and nervous prostration. I cured the heart trouble with Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and the other ailments vanished like mist. Had relief in half an hour after the first dose."—19

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

The chronic kicker must envy the centipede.

Never Worry.—Take them and go about your business—they do their work whilst you are doing yours. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are system renovators, blood purifiers and builders; every gland and tissue in the whole anatomy is benefited and stimulated in the use of them. 40 doses in a vial. 10 cents—20

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.		RETAIL PRICE.
Butter,	per pound	$ 26
Eggs,	per dozen	30
Lard,	per pound	11
Ham,	per pound	15
Beef, (quarter)	per pound	6 to 8
Wheat,	per bushel	1 30
Oats,	do	40
Rye	do	60
Flour	per barrel	6 20
Hay,	per ton	15 00
Potatoes,	per bushel	50
Turnips,	per bushel	40
Tallow,	per pound	06
Shoulder,	per pound	12
Bacon,	per pound	16
Vinegar,	per quart	07
Dried apples,	per pound	07
Cow hides	do	3½
Steer hides	do	05
Calf skin		80
Sheep pelts		75
Shelled corn,	per bushel	80
Corn meal	cwt	2 00
Bran,	cwt	1 30
Chop,	cwt	1 50
Middlings,	cwt	1 40
Chickens, spring,	per pound	12½
Chickens old,	do	12
Turkeys,	per pound	18
Geese,	do	11
Ducks,	do	15

COAL.

Number 6,	delivered	5 50
Number 4 and 5	do	4 25

STOP THAT COUGH

with **JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.**

An almost infallible remedy.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Jan. 16, 1905.

The President has once more sent consternation broad-cast among the conservative members of his party by assuring members of Congress that there will be an extra session of the Fifty-ninth Congress before next December, despite the frantic efforts of the stand-patters to prevent any changes in the precious schedules which Representative Dingley made, according to his own statement, unduly high with a view to permitting of virtual reduction through reciprocity treaties.

***

No sooner had the word gone forth that the President and some of the Congressional leaders had determined to call a special session in the autumn for the purpose of revising the tariff than the representatives of the protected interests began to arrive in Washington, led by Wilbur F. Wakeman, Secretary of the American Protective Tariff League. Telegrams began to pour in from all directions, some pleading, some threatening, but all declaring that not one jot or title of the protection now enjoyed by the favored interests should be abated. Representative Dalzell from what someone has cleverly called "The Steel Trust District of Pennsylvania," and that grand old Statesman—"Grand" sounds so much better than notorious — General Grosvenor, of Ohio, began an active campaign in the House to demonstrate to the President and to the country that the tariff revision sentiment in the Republican party was infinitesimal.

***

Meanwhile President Roosevelt was sending for members of Congress and reminding them of the express promises made by Republican orators on the stump, that the tariff should and would be revised "by its friends;" that the Republican party was committed to no particular schedules and stood merely for the doctrine of protection on a broad scale. The President warned his brethren that it would be dangerous for them to go into the next campaign without having redeemed their pledges, but all to no purpose, apparently, for now the stand-patters maintain that they have 158 members of the House out of a total Republican membership of 210, committed against tariff revision and an extra session. It is probable that this claim is exaggerated but there seems to be little doubt that a large majority is opposed to any movement looking to the lowering of the schedules.

***

Just as the radical protectionists thought, however, that they had outwitted the President, he executed a coup which has left his Republican friends gasping. He declares that he will call a special session of Congress, anyway, not to revise the tariff primarily, if a majority of Congress is opposed to revision, but chiefly to enact satisfactory railway rate legislation. The President says, moreover, that he will so word his call as to permit of tariff readjustment at the extra session and he has no doubt that when the new Congress convenes in a special session it will see the wisdom of following his advice and making the necessary changes in the schedules.

***

It remains to be seen what will be the next move of the radical protectionists, the patriotic servants of the Steel Trust, the Beef Trust, the Standard Oil Company and the rest of those great corporations which seek so diligently to benefit and befriend the public.

***

But for another class of statesmen, the Senators who have cheerfully helped the President in his efforts to secure redemption of the tariff revision promises of his party, the announcement that the President will call a session to deal with the railroad question comes as a blow in the face. The stern dignified, conservative Senate has so long prevented any reform in the supervision of railway rates or the promotion of federal control of these rates, that it is astounded that a President should have the temerity to attempt to dictate its duty. It is hardly conceivable to those who have long watched the clever obstructionist tactics of the Senate, that the President can accomplish any reform of real value, in the face of the solid opposition which he will meet with from the large majority of his own party, but it is entirely possible that between them the President and the Republican Senators will make it so obvious that the Republican party as a whole stands in the way of real reform as to pave the way for great Democratic victories in the future. A prominent Democratic Senator said to your correspondent yesterday, "I am almost inclined to believe that with Theodore Roosevelt in the White House and Democratic majorities in both Houses of Congress we could really accomplish something. He is the most un-Republican Republican I ever knew."

***

The President is, however, too much of a protectionist at heart to get along with Democratic majorities, and he is too prone to insist on his own way. The objections to the arbitration treaties, which the President recently sent to the Senate, have been clearly set forth in the public press and by Democratic and Republican members of the Senate and yet the President has buckled on his spurs and has taken his riding crop and is attempting to drive them through the Senate despite the opposition of both Republicans and Democrats. He has written a letter to the chairman of the committee on Foreign Relations, Senator Cullom, announcing that if the Senate amends the treaties as that body believes it should, he will withdraw them. Such methods are hardly to be countenanced. The President has the constitutional power to carry out his threat but it amounts to setting his judgment in a matter concerning foreign relations above that of a very large majority of the Senate, when the constitution expressly stipulates that all foreign relations shall be determined by the judgment of the President and a two thirds vote of the Senate.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

How Is Your Heart?

Is your pulse weak, too slow, too fast, or does it skip a beat?

Do you have shortness of breath, weak or hungry spells, fainting, smothering or choking spells, palpitation, fluttering, pains around the heart, in side and shoulder; or hurt when lying on left side?

If you have any of these symptoms your heart is weak or diseased, and cannot get better without assistance.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure strengthens weak hearts, and rarely ever fails to cure heart disease. Try it, and see how quickly you will find relief.

"About January 1st, 1902, I took down with weakness and dropsy, and gradually grew worse. I was told by my family physician that my case was hopeless. My neighbors and family had given me up to die. My limbs and body were swollen to one-third larger than normal size, and water had collected around my heart. For at least three months I had to sit propped up in bed to keep from smothering. I sent for five bottles of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, and by the time I had taken them all I was entirely cured. I feel better than I have for twenty years, and I am able to do any kind of work on my farm. My attending physician told me that if it hadn't been for Dr. Miles' Heart Cure I would now be in my grave."

L. T. CURD, Wilmore, Ky.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

THE STATE AT A GLANCE.

—Prominent business men of Shamokin on Tuesday commenced an agitation for a city charter. The plan is to put the measure to popular vote next fall.

—It is announced by the attorneys of the various cities and towns along the Susquehanna River in the Wyoming Valley that at no less than forty points is culm and mine refuse being poured into the river. The culm fills the channels and the damaging floods of the last several years are attributed to this. Action is to be commenced against the coal companies responsible for the violation of the law within a few days.

—A provisional brigade composed of one regiment from each of the three brigades of the division of the National Guard of Pennsylvania will represent the Pennsylvania militia in the inaugural parade at Washington on March 4. What regiments will be assigned to the brigade is not as yet known and it will be a week or more before the assignments are made.

—Sportsmen in the western part of the State are taking measures to preserve the deer, which are being killed off too rapidly under present conditions. They are circulating petitions in Lycoming, Potter, Tioga and other counties, asking the Legislature to enact a law limiting the open season for deer to the first fifteen days of November, and the number that may be killed by one person in the season to one. It is receiving a great many signatures.

—President George Edward Reed, of Dickinson College, on Monday announced that by the will of the late Alexander E. Patton, of Curwensville, Pa., the college will receive $10,000.

He also said that this sum makes $120,000 which the college has secured since the loss of Denny Hall by fire last March

Mr. Patton was a trustee of the college, and gave Dickinson the present gymnasium.

—The borough of Mahanoy City having declared the franchises of the Schuylkill Traction Company in that town forfeited, on Monday filed a bill in equity, at Pottsville, asking court to give the borough power to compel the company to tear up its tracks and poles. The cause given for this action is the failure of the company to extend its tracks as far as required by the franchise.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., postoffice, and will be sent to the dead letter office Jan. 31, 1904. Persons calling for these letters, will please say that "they were advertised January 19, 1905".

Dr. E M. Haley, Mrs. George Marsh.

One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

J. C. BROWN, P. M.

"SAVED MY LIFE"

—That's what a prominent druggist said of Scott's Emulsion a short time ago. As a rule we don't use or refer to testimonials in addressing the public, but the above remark and similar expressions are made so often in connection with Scott's Emulsion that they are worthy of occasional note. From infancy to old age Scott's Emulsion offers a reliable means of remedying improper and weak development, restoring lost flesh and vitality, and repairing waste. The action of Scott's Emulsion is no more of a secret than the composition of the Emulsion itself. What it does it does through nourishment—the kind of nourishment that cannot be obtained in ordinary food. No system is too weak or delicate to retain Scott's Emulsion and gather good from it.

We will send you a sample free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE
Chemists
409 Pearl St., N. Y.

50c. and $1; all druggists.

Getting Rich Slowly.

Ordinarily a great fortune is built up like a stone wall—a stone at a time. The young man who declines to lay the first stone, because it comes so far short of a wall, will never make progress in financial masonry. An immense proportion of the people of this country live up to their incomes, laying aside nothing for the traditional rainy day. Because they cannot save $1,000 in a bunch they save nothing. The greatest financial kings of the world have not been above taking care of the pennies even. The great financial institutions look after even the fractions of pennies.

Many a man wants the earth, but in the end the earth gets the man.

Carson Asks Mandamus.

Wants Court to Compel State Treasurer to Pay Judges.

Application for a writ of peremptory mandamus was filed in the Dauphin county court on Saturday by Attorney General Carson to compel State Treasurer Mathues to pay the warrants issued by Auditor General Snyder for the back pay due certain judges under the provision of the judges' salary act of 1903. The court held the matter under advisement.

The Auditor General is under warrants for the salary of those judges whose pay was withheld pending a decision of the Supreme Court as to the constitutionality of the act, after the court decided that the act applied to all judges. After several warrants had been cashed, James W. M. Newlin, of Philadelphia, brought suit in the United States Circuit Court in Philadelphia to set aside the Supreme Court's decision and the State Treasurer has since refused to pay the warrants issued by the Auditor General.

What a splendid type of tireless activity is the sun as the psalmist describes it issuing like "a bridegroom from his chamber and rejoicing like a strong man to run a race." Every man ought to rise in the morning refreshed by slumber and renewed by rest, eager for the struggle of the day. But how rarely this is so. Most people rise still unrefreshed, and dreading the strain of the day's labors. The cause of this is deficient vitality and behind this lies a deficient supply of pure, rich blood, and an inadequate nourishment of the body. There is nothing that will give a man strength and energy, as will Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It does this by increasing the quantity and quality of the blood supply. This nourishes the nerves, feeds the brain, builds up enfeebled organs, and gives that sense of strength and power which makes the struggle of life a joy. The "good feeling" which follows the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" is not due to stimulation as it contains no alcohol, whisky or other intoxicant. It does not brace up the body, but builds it up into a condition of sound health.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect March 1st, 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Northumberland	10 45	10 00	1.50	15 25
Cameron	6 57	10 10	f2 41	15 34
Danville	7 07	10 19	2 11	5 43
Catawissa	7 21	10 32	2 23	5 56
Rupert	7 26	10 37	2 29	6 01
Bloomsburg	7 33	10 41	2 35	6 05
Espy	7 38	10 48	2 40	6 13
Lime Ridge	7 44	f10 54	f2 46	6 20
Willow Grove	17 48	10 57	f2 50	6 24
Briarcreek	7 52	10 59	f2 53	16 27
Berwick	7 57	11 05	2 58	6 34
Beach Haven	8 05	f11 12	3 03	6 41
Hick's Ferry	8 11	11 17	3 09	16 47
Shickshinny	8 22	11 31	3 20	6 59
Hunlock's	8 33	11 39	3 31	17 09
Nanticoke	8 38	11 44	3 38	7 14
Avondale	8 41	11 47	3 42	7 22
Plymouth	8 45	11 52	3 47	7 28
Plymouth Junction	8 47	11 55	3 52	7 30
Kingston	8 55	11 59	4 00	7 38
Luzerne	8 58	12 02	4 03	7 42
Forty Fort	9 00	12 04	4 07	7 44
Wyoming	9 05	12 08	4 12	7 48
West Pittston	9 10	12 12	4 17	7 54
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	12 14	4 20	7 56
Pittston	9 19	12 17	4 24	8 01
Duryea	9 23	12 20	4 29	8 06
Lackawanna	9 26	12 22	4 32	8 10
Taylor	9 32	12 28	4 40	8 17
Bellevue	9 37	12 32	4 45	8 21
SCRANTON	9 42	12 35	4 50	8 25
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 35	10 10	1 55	16 40
Bellevue	6 39	10 13	1 59	6 44
Taylor	6 44	10 17	2 03	6 49
Lackawanna	6 50	10 24	2 10	6 55
Duryea	6 53	10 28	2 13	6 58
Pittston	6 58	10 33	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave	7 01	10 37	2 19	7 04
West Pittston	7 05	10 41	2 23	7 07
Wyoming	7 10	10 46	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort	7 14	10 49	2 31	7 17
Luzerne	7 17	10 52	2 34	7 19
Kingston	7 24	10 56	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction	7 29	11 00	2 45	7 30
Plymouth	7 35	11 05	2 49	7 34
Avondale	7 39	11 09	2 54	7 38
Nanticoke	7 43	11 13	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's	7 49	11 19	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny	8 01	f11 31	3 20	7 58
Hick's Ferry	8 11	11 43	3 30	8 08
Beach Haven	8 19	11 48	3 37	8 14
Berwick	8 27	11 54	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek	f8 32	12 01	3 50	8 25
Willow Grove	f8 36	12 05	f3 54	8 29
Lime Ridge	8 40	12 09	3 58	8 33
Espy	8 46	12 15	4 06	8 39
Bloomsburg	8 53	12 22	4 12	8 45
Rupert	8 57	12 25	4 15	8 50
Catawissa	9 02	12 32	4 20	8 55
Danville	9 15	12 44	4 33	9 10
Cameron	9 24	12 57	4 43	9 21
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 35	1 10	4 55	9 35
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.

‡ Runs daily. f Flag station.
E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1904, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	1	3	5	21
	‡	†	‡	†
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 00
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	....
Bloomsburg Main St	9 05	2 42	6 20	....
Paper Mill	9 15	2 52	6 30	6 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 23
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 26	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners	f9 40	f3 17	16 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons	10 00	f3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	10 03	3 40	7 21	8 26
Laubachs	10 08	3 45	7 31	8 40
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD

	2	4	6	8	22
	†	†	‡	‡	†
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 36
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Laubachs	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 55
Coles Creek	6 12	11 06	4 53	7 22	12 05
Edsons	f6 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	f6 35	f11 29	5 17	f7 45	12 53
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. Main St.	7 13	12 02	5 53	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R	7 18	12 08	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.
Trains No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8, Passenger, 1st class.
W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 1, 1902, and until further notice

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Avondale, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00 1:40, 2:20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7.40, 8:20 9:00 9:40, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

D. G. HACKETT, Superintendent.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 17, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.27 via West Milton; 11:30 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7:27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12 20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG:

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10a.m.
Leave Philadelphia 10.21a. m.
Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.
Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.;
Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,
Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.05 a m, 4.30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.32 p.m.
Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R R.

From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY	CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY
7:30 a. m. Lcl.	4:00 p. m. Exp	
9:00 a. m. Exp.	1 60 minutes.	8:50 a. m.
10:50 a. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Exp.	4:15 p. m.
2:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	
	7:15 p. m. Exp.	

SUNDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY	CAPE MAY OCEAN CITY.
8:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	8:45 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
10:00 a. m. Exp.		SEA ISLE.
		7:30 a.m. $1 Ex

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut St, 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3902 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 27, 1904.

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	4 A. M.	30 A. M.	12 P. M.	32 P. M.
Sunbury leave	‡ 6 45	‡ 9,55	‡ 2 00	‡ 5 25
Kilnes Grove	f 6 54	f 10 04	.....	f 5 35
Wolverton	f 6 58	f 10 06	.....	f 5 37
Kipps Run	f 7 06	f 10 11	.....	f 5 44
South Danville	7 11	10 17	2 21	5 50
Danville				
Boyd	f 7 16	f 10 21	.....	f 5 53
Roaring Creek	f 7 23	f 10 28	2 31	f 6 01
Catawissa Arrive	7 32	10 35	2 37	6 08
Catawissa Leave	‡ 7 32	‡ 10 35	‡ 2 37	‡ 6 08
East Bloomsburg	7 40	10 43	2 43	6 15
Bloomsburg				
Espy Ferry	f 7 44	f 10 47	.....	f 6 19
Stonytown Ferry	f 7 52	.....	.....	f 6 27
Creasy	7 54	10 56	2 55	6 30
Nescopeck Arrive	8 04	11 05	3 05	6 40
Berwick				

STATIONS.				
Nescopeck Leave	‡ 8 04	‡ 11 05	‡ 3 05	‡ 6 40
Wapwallopen	8 19	11 20	3 15	6 52
Pond Bill	f 8 23	f 11 25	.....	f 6 56
Moncanaqua	8 31	11 32	3 23	7 01
Sicksbinny				
Retreat	8 43	11 42	3 32	7 10
Nanticoke	8 54	11 54	3 40	7 19
Buttonwood	f 9 00	f 12 00	.....	f 7 25
Plymouth Ferry	f 9 02	.....	.....	f 7 28
South Wilkesbarre	9 06	12 06	.....	7 30
Wilkesbarre Arrive	9 10	12 10	3 35	7 35
	A. M.	P. M	P. M.	P. M.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	31 A. M.	15 A. M.	1 P. M.	67 P. M.
Wilkesbarre Leave	‡ 7 15	‡ 10 35	‡ 2 45	‡ 6 00
South Wilkesbarre	7 20	.....	2 50	6 05
Plymouth Ferry	f 7 22	.....	.....	f 6 07
Buttonwood	f 7 24	.....	f 2 54	f 6 09
Nanticoke	7 31	10 50	3 02	6 17
Retreat	7 39	10 58	3 11	6 26
Shickshinny				
Mocanaqua	7 48	11 07	3 21	6 37
Pond Hill	f 7 53	.....	f 3 27	f 6 42
Wapwallopen	7 58	11 16	3 32	6 47
Nescopeck Arrive	8 09	11 26	3 42	7 00
Berwick				
Nescopeck Leave	‡ 8 09	‡ 11 26	‡ 3 42	‡ 7 00
Creasy	8 18	11 35	3 53	7 09
Stonytown Ferry	f 8 21	.....	.....	f 7 12
Espy Ferry	8 29	.....	f 4 03	f 7 20
Bloomsburg	8 34	11 47	4 07	7 25
East Bloomsburg				
Catawissa Arrive	8 40	11 53	4 13	7 32
Catawissa Leave	8 40	11 53	4 13	7 32
Roaring Creek	f 8 48	f 12 00	f 4 19	f 7 39
Boyd	f 8 55	.....	f 4 26	f 7 46
Danville	9 00	12 10	4 31	7 51
South Danville				
Kipps Run	f 9 05	.....	f 4 35	f 7 56
Wolverton	f 9 12	.....	f 4 42	f 8 03
Klines Grove	f 9 15	.....	f 4 45	f 8 06
Sunbury Arrive	‡ 9 25	‡ 12 30	‡ 4 55	‡ 8 15
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

‡ Daily. ‡ Daily, except Sunday. "f" Stops only on signal notice to Agent, or Conductor to receive or discharge passengers.

Trains leave BLOOMSBURG as follows:

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7.40 and 10:43 a. m., 2.43 and 6.15 p. m. week days; 10.43 a. m. Sundays.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m. and 4.18 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7.40 and 10.43 a. m ,4.18 and 6.15 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renova and Kane, 11.47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8 34 a. m. and 4.07 p. m. week days; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 8.34 a. m. and 7.25 p. m. week days.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8:34 and 11,47 a. m. week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.34 and 11.47 a. m., 4.07 and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8.34 and 11.47 a. m., 4.07 and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8.34 a. m. 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. daily; via Lewistown Judction, 8.34 and 11.47 a. m. week days; via Lock Haven, 8.34 and 11.47 a m. week days.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

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Prompt attention given to

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Crayons, Framg, Copying and Bron Enlargements. Made at Short Notice.

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MAIN AND CENTRE STS

You can save money on Pianos and Organs. You will always find the largest and best makes and lowest prices.

PIANOS, From $175.00 and Upwards.
ORGANS, From $50.00 and Upward

We sell on the installment plan. Piano $25.00 down and $10.00 per month. Organs, $10.00 down, $5.00 per month. Liberal discount for cash. Sheet music, at one half price. Musical merchandise of all kinds.

We handle Genuine Singer High Arm

SEWING MACHINES,

$5.00 down and $3.00 per month. We also handle the Demorest Sewing Machine, from $19.50 and upwards. Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for all makes of Sewing Machines. Best makes of

WASH MACHINES

FROM $4.00 UP TO $4.00.

J. SALTZER

Music Rooms—No. 115 W. Main Street, below Market, Bloomsburg, Pa.

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For the Satisfactory Kind in Up-to-date Styles, go to

Capwell's Studio,

(Over Hartman's Store)

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

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SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. 2444 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

Capital $100,000 STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY Surplus $125,000

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

STATEMENT.

At the Close of Business November 10th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES	
[illegible]	$312,132 94	Capital	$100,000.00
[illegible] Bonds,	50,000.00	Surplus and Profits (net)	145,392.98
[illegible] Bonds,	156,125.00	Circulation	49,300.00
[illegible] ing,	27,000.00	Deposits	404,012 98
Due from Banks and U. S. Treas.	24,159.71		
[illegible] and Reserve,	129,288.31		
	$698,705.96		$698,705.96

E. W. M. LOW, President, E. F. CARPENTER, Cashier.

THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,

At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.

D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.

GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1905.

ANTI-SPITTING REGULATIONS.

The December number of Sanitation, a monthly Journal of hygiene and sanitary science, contains the following article which is as applicable to Bloomsburg as if the writer referred directly to this town:

"The writer a short time ago had occasion to visit a town which prided itself on up-to-date health regulations. One of the most recent laws enacted by Borough Councils was an ordinance prohibiting spitting on sidewalks. The printed ordinance was at this particular time posted on telegraph poles throughout the borough, and had received wide publicity through the columns of the local newspaper. The fact that such a law had been enacted was a subject for much self-congratulation on the part of the best townspeople, and was particularly called to attention by the local health officer. In a short walk of a couple of squares on the principal street of that town, it would be perfectly safe to say that not one square yard of pavement was free from very evident expectoration. When the self-same health officer's attention was directed to this wholesale salivary output, he remarked, "Oh well; we don't expect to stop spitting on the street, but we just thought that as lots of other places were passing these ordinances, and we didn't want to seem slow, so we passed one, too. You see we've got to have something to 'holler' about, and this quit-spitting business seems pretty popular just now." Unconsciously, perhaps, the health officer quoted above gave utterance to a fact that carries with it many unpleasant truths. Anti-spitting ordinances have become exceedingly popular. In no less than sixty four towns of respectable proportions have just such regulations been adopted with popular acclaim during the past month. In our larger cities they have existed for some years, and in no single instance have they accomplished their purpose. Why? Because they are never enforced. It is quite true that, perhaps, the evil has been somewhat lessened, that thoughtful people have refrained from doing what they were convinced was a pernicious practice, but the mass of people continue to emit their nauseating dose in public places regardless of laws, flaring notices, or common decency. Who is to blame? Officers of the law are supposed to require observance of the law and bring transgressors to the bar of justice. Back of these minions, however, stand the public—whose rights are supposed to be protected and safeguarded. Activity of public officials is in exact proportion to the public demands, and the lack of public outcry may be said to be directly responsible for the failure to enforce just such police regulations as anti spitting ordinances. It has been conclusively shown that public spitting is a great public danger; it has been deemed so important as to be made the subject of special police regulations, and the time has surely come to regulate not only the nuisance but also the officials who fail to execute a law so important and necessary to public health and decency."

TO AMEND BOUNTY LAW.

A Bill to be Passed That Will Coerce County Commissioners.

And Punish Them For Refusing to Pay Claims—They Will be Prosecuted by the State Game Commission.

By the time the legislature adjourns on April 13th all hunters in the state will be amply assured of procuring whatever bounty is due them for killing certain animals. State Game Commissioner Kalbfus says that at least half a dozen bounty laws, to his personal knowledge, are ready for presentation. The state game commission will not itself have any of these laws introduced, but will thoroughly consider the merits of each, and the best will receive the indorsement of the commission. It is intended to keep the bounties as they are now —$2 per wildcat, $1 per fox, 50 cents each per mink or weasel. The purpose of the new law will be to have the present one enforced. Bounties are now payable by the commissioners of each county in the commonwealth, but it has become a practice for many of these officials to refuse to pay. As the claimants of bounties are for the most part men of extremely moderate means, they cannot take the cases into court. Dr. Kalbfus says that the law which will be passed will be stringent in its requirement for payments of bounties and that any refusal to pay will be met by prompt suit by the commission. Several varieties of hawks, chief among which are the gos-hawk and the pigeonhawk, now have bounties offered for them, and it is likely that these will be allowed to remain. Many of the hawk tribe, although they do some damage, are, in the main, beneficial, because they destroy large numbers of vermin. On these particular hawks no bounty will be offered. The new law will limit the amount of money which can be paid per annum by a single county, to prevent bounty-claiming growing into an abuse.

Resolution of Condolence.

WHEREAS, Col. W. H. Ent Post Number 250 G. A. R., Department of Pennsylvania, has heard with profound regret and sorrow of the sudden death of Comrade Levi B. Sechler, Commander of Goodrich Post Number 22 G. A. R. of Danville, and

WHEREAS, our comrade has joined the great Commander, while around our campfires there will be a vacant chair at roll call, the name of Sechler! Here! silent, and his kindly and patriotic expressions no longer heard, therefore be it

Resolved that we revere his memory, imitate his virtues, and calmly submit that one day death will claim us all.

Resolved that a copy of these resolutions be placed upon the minutes, one published in at least two papers in Danville and Bloomsburg, one be sent to Post Number 22, and one to the family of the deceased.

GEORGE W. STERNER,
W. O. HOLMES,
CLARK KRESSLER.
Committee.

Curfew Ordinance at Berwick Goes Into Effect Tomorrow Night.

The Curfew bell will ring in Berwick on Friday evening. This has been the date set for the ordinance to go into effect. Chief Burgess Clemens has notified the Ministerial Association to this effect as that body will see that the three church bells, Presbyterian, Methodist and Evangelical, are sounded.

The time is nine o'clock during the entire year, the time to be in accordance with standard time as corrected daily at the post office. Little trouble is anticipated, although the police force are preparing to make a strict enforcement of the ordinance.

NEW TOWN'S NAME IS KULPMONT.

Inmate of Danville Asylum Suggests Name—Interesting Letter.

The committee of three selected by Hon. M. H. Kulp to decide upon the name from many submitted for the new town being laid out by him near Mt. Carmel, met last Thursday in the Kulp office in the McConnell building and chose "Kulpmont," it being submitted by Mrs. M. J. Eagan, of 613 N. Shamokin street. She will accordingly be awarded the $25. The committee consisted of ex-Judge L. S. Walters, of Mt. Carmel, Rev. Freeman Daughters, rector of Trinity Episcopal church, and William E. Laubenstein, of the *Daily Dispatch*.

There had been 982 names submitted as suitable for the town, many of which were suggestive of peculiar characteristics in the sender. The entire list was placed in the hands of the committee, and after a decision had been reached the sender's name was announced to the committee by Mr. Kulp.

Many of the letters accompanying the proffered names were most interesting, the most striking of which was the following from an inmate of the Danville Asylum.

Danville, Pa., State Hospital.
January 1st, 1905.

Hon. M. H. Kulp.

A HAPPY NEW YEAR TO YOU.

Dear Sir:—I see in the Danville *Morning News* that you give every one a chance of picking a suitable name for your New town so for that reason I take the advantage of the chance and, will name the new town CHANCETON which I think will be a very appropriate name, considering the circumstances, as it is only one chance out of many and it will be a lucky chance for some one; in the next place there will be a chance for a poor man to get a home and perhaps if it was not for this chance he would never get one; then again if I happen to be the lucky one in this chance and by chance I chance to get a hold of the twenty-five dollars before Dr. Meredith chances to get it the chances are I will get out of this place where I have been a prisoner for Nearly six years. With the Money I will get me a good Loye: and the chances are that he will make me a free man, the chances then are that I will enjoy life better than I ever did before. Now I will close by saying if by chance the New town is named. CHANCETON, I am sure I will be a very happy man, then again the chances are the town will be a very prosperous town as the Hon. M. H. Kulp is not the man to leave anything fail that he has undertaken. I will chance it anyway.

P. S. pleas bring the Money to me personly when you are here at the regular Meetings.—Shamokin *Dispatch*.

LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS.

Construction of Millville Trolley Will be Started Early in the Spring.

That the promise of the promoters of the Bloomsburg and Millville Trolley line, to commence the construction of the road as soon as spring and favorable weather arrives was made in sincerity and good faith, was attested on Monday when the distribution of the ties along the proposed route was started. This will serve to disabuse the minds of those who have held that the construction of the road is many years distant.

The application made by C. W. Miller, Esq. to the Town Council, last week, for permission to use the Columbia & Montour tracks from Iron Street to Market Square is additional evidence that the construction of the road is a certainty.

Horticulturists of State in Annual Meeting.

The Pennsylvania State Horticultural Association held its forty-sixth annual session at the Board of Trade, Harrisburg, Tuesday and Wednesday. Nearly two hundred members, including many of the most prominent horticulturists in the state attended. Hon. W. T. Creasy, of Catawissa, is a member of the Association. In speaking of an address made by him, the Harrisburg *Patriot* says: "The order of business was then dispensed with and Hon. W. T. Creasy, who was on the programme for an address this afternoon, spoke on the subject: Should Quantity or Quality be Our Aim. His discussion was one of the best of the evening and brought forth a great deal of after talk among the members some of whom were in favor of quantity, while others worked alone for quality in all their fruits."

For Rent.

Front room 25 by 30 feet, third floor, Columbian building. Water, electric light, steam heat, all conveniences. Eight windows. Apply to Geo. E. Elwell. tf.

W. C. T. U. CONVENTION.

White Ribboners Will Meet at Berwick Feb. 2 and 3rd.

The County Convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held at Berwick on Thursday and Friday, February 2 and 3rd. An excellent program has been arranged, and many well known leaders in the work of this important organization will take part. The program in full is as follows:

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

Executive meeting 1:30; convention called to order 2:00; devotional exercises led by County President, Mrs. VanHouten, of Berwick; report of executive committee; appointment of committees; address of welcome: From Y. M. C. A., S. W. Dickson; from Ministerial Association, Rev. R. H. Gilbert; from W. C. T. U., Mrs. J. R. Riebe; response, Mrs. Sloan, of Bloomsburg; solo, Mrs. Lydia Smith; paper, Mrs. June, of West Berwick; paper, "The Duties of Treasurers," Mrs. Mausteller, of Orangeville.

THURSDAY EVENING.

Devotional exercises 2:00; music, Male Quartette; reading, Mrs. A. C. Jackson; address, Mrs. Rebecca Chambers, of West Grove, state president of the W. C. T. U.

FRIDAY MORNING.

Meeting of executive 8:30; convention called to order 9:00; devotional exercises led by Mrs. Agnes Smith; five minute talks by presidents of unions in county towns; echoes of state convention; talks by superintendents of various departments; paper, Mrs. Eves, of Millville; paper, "Literature," Mrs. Hummer; Bible reading and noontide prayer, Mrs. Chambers

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

Singing and prayer; solo, Mrs. Eyer; Bible reading, Madame Barakat; recitation, Jennie Whitmire; talks by superintendents; Y hour, Mrs. Mausteller, of Orangeville, in charge; L. T. L. hour, Mrs. Reighard, of Light Street, in charge; reading, Mrs. Mausteller; question box; collection; closing hour.

FRIDAY EVENING.

Opening service; solo, Miss Mary Ruch; lecture, Madame Barakat; solo, Miss Elizabeth Glenn, closing.

A Sensational Meeting

Is expected at Harrisburg, when the Pennsylvania Live Stock Breeders' Association convenes on January 25-26. The State Fair bill will be presented and discussed, and the best program ever presented to Pennsylvania live stock breeders will be carried out. The meeting will immediately follow that of the State Board of Agriculture, and parties arriving at Harrisburg on morning of 25th can take in a part of that meeting and also the poultry show. An attractive feature of the meeting will be the photograph exhibit of stock and farm buildings, etc., owned by members and visitors. All are requested to participate in it. The speakers include Hon. A. J. Lovejoy, of Illinois (Swine); Prof. E. B. Voorhees, of New Jersey (Crops); J. C. Duncan, of New York (Sheep); and Prof. Thos. F. Hunt, of Cornell, and Dr. Geo. M. Rommel, of the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, who will discuss draft and light horses respectively. Special rates on railroads. Apply to Hon. N. B. Critchfield, Sec'y of Agr., Harrisburg, Pa., for card orders entitling you to excursion rates, or to the Secretary, as below. Headquarters: Board of Trade Rooms, Harrisburg. A bureau of information there will direct parties to good accommodations. For program of meeting address E. S. Bayard, Sec'y, East End, Pittsburg, Pa.

Among the Centralians who attended license court on Monday were J. J. O'Donnell, P. A. Cain, P. J. Bowman and P. J. Correy.

Ayer's

Take cold easily? Throat tender? Lungs weak? Any relatives have consumption? Then a cough means a great

Cherry Pectoral

deal to you. Follow your doctor's advice and take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It heals, strengthens, prevents.

"For 40 years I have depended on Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds. I know it greatly strengthens weak lungs."
MRS. P. A. ROBINSON, Saline, Mich.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Weak Lungs

Ayer's Pills increase the activity of the liver, and thus aid recovery.

Townsend's

WE PUT ON SALE

TO DAY

50 DOZEN

MEN'S HEAVY FLEECE LINED UNDERWEAR THAT WE HAVE BEEN RETAILING AT $1.00 THE SET.

OUR PRICE ON THIS LOT

75 Cents

THE SUIT; WHILE THEY LAST.

ALL SIZES FROM 34 to 44.

TOWNSEND'S

EMBROIDERIES AND INSERTIONS, DINNER WARE, LAMPS, CHAMBER SETS AND FANCY CHINA AT REDUCED PRICES

We have added all these useful things to this Big January Sale, and if you are prudent you will buy them, even if only for future use, as the saving is great, averaging from

10 to 25 Per Cent.

Embroideries and Insertions.

Lot No. 1, at 8c. It contains 10 distinct patterns.

Lot No. 2, at 10c. It contains 20 distinct patterns.

Lot No. 3, at 12c. It contains 16 distinct patterns, and the saving is fully 25 per cent. on each of these lots.

Narrow edged Nansook Embroidery and Insertion for children's dresses. 50 pieces at 5c to 25c.

Nansook and Swiss Embroidery and Insertion for Corset Covers, 25c to 1.25.

The Prices on Dinner Ware

and the other kindred articles have been cut from 10 to 25 per cent. and it is a most opportune time to buy these necessities for the home.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENNA.

The residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Seigenfus of Catawissa, was the scene of a happy event at six o'clock Monday evening when their eldest daughter, Miss Ella, was united in marriage to John Frank, of Mifflinburg, Pa. Only the immediate friends and relatives were present. Rev. Lawrence A. Miller performed the ceremony. They will reside at Mifflinburg.

The Rev. Edward Eckel, rector of Christ Episcopal church, Williamsport, has received a call to the rectorship of Christ church parish, St. Joseph, Mo. The call is a very attractive one, but Mr. Eckel has not decided what he will do concerning it.

Leases and quit notices for sale at this office 4t.

When You Want to OPEN A BANK ACCOUNT, HAVE A CHECK CASHED, BORROW MONEY OR MAKE AN INVESTMENT,

Call on THE OLD RELIABLE

The Farmers National Bank

CAPITAL $60,000.00. SURPLUS $78,000.00.

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A Man's feet are better judges of shoes than he is!

When you tuck your's into a pair of

"Keith's Konqueror"

Shoes they'll tell you they're comfortable at last.

$3.50 and $4.00

Chas. M. Evans,

AGENT FOR BLOOMSBURG.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1905.

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Club Offers.

Our Club Offers for 1905 are as follows:

The COLUMBIAN and *New York Thrice-a-Week World*, - - - 1.65

The COLUMBIAN and *Tribune Farmer*, - 1.25

The COLUMBIAN and *American Farmer* - 1.00

all strictly in advance.

We have but 100 copies of the *American Farmer* to give away. They will go to the first advance paying subscribers who call. Don't wait too long. tf.

LOCAL NEWS.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

Again we are moved to remark if you see it in the COLUMBIAN its so.

J. R. Fowler is arranging for an extended trip through the Southern States.

About this season of the year look out for a large falling off in the attendance at Sunday School.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ikeler entertained a number of guests at an elaborate dinner on Wednesday evening.

Samuel Pursel, the well known school teacher and member of the Town Council, is critically ill at his home on Fifth Street.

Curtis C. McCloskey and Miss Rachael C. Long, both of this town, were married by Justice of the Peace, Guy Jacoby, Tuesday afternoon.

By winning twelve out of seventeen games of euchre at the Club House Tuesday evening, W. S. Rishton captured the prize, a nice pair of shoes.

We are pleased to note that J. W. Scott has resumed his duties as passenger conductor on the B. & S. Railroad, after an illness extending over several weeks.

James M. Shew, formerly of Light Street, has disposed of his interest in a restaurant at Milton, and is negotiating for the purchase of a drug store in Philadelphia.

Hon. Philander C. Knox was on Tuesday elected United States Senator from Pennsylvania to succeed the late Matthew Stanley Quay. He received a large majority vote in both branches of the General Assembly.

Wallace Vannatta, who has been ill since the latter part of October, was taken to Wilkes-Barre on Thursday where he was operated on at the Hospital in that city. His condition on Saturday was reported to be critical but he is now improving and his recovery is hoped for.

Traffic on the Catawissa branch of the P. & R. Railroad was held up for several hours on Saturday by reason of the caving in of a portion of the roof of the Shuman tunnel.

Harry G. Quick has quit selling newspapers and has accepted a position at the car shop of the American Car & Foundry Co. The newstand has been purchased by O. G. O'Dell, of Hughesville.

The accounts of treasurer Jas. C. Brown and secretary A. N. Yost, of the Agricultural Society, were settled on Saturday by the auditors J. B. Delong, H. C. Hess and J. S. Scott. The gross receipts of the fair were $12,937.71.

WANTED.

MEN AND WOMEN in this county and adjoining territories, to represent and advertise an old established house of solid financial standing. Salary to men $21 weekly, to women $12 to $18 weekly with Expenses advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary; position permanent. Address Blew Bros. & Co., Dept. 5, Monon Bldg., Chicago, Ill. 1-19 24t

Mrs. Clark Eaton, of Berwick, gave a delightful reception for Mrs. Crispin on Tuesday afternoon. Among the guests were Mrs. H. A. McKillip, Mrs. Geo. E. Elwell, Mrs. F. P. Pursel and Mrs. F. H. Wilson, of this town.

A. H. Stookey, formerly employed in the *Morning Press* office, but later with the *Daily Enterprise*, Berwick, has purchased the *Port Royal Times*, Port Royal, Pa. His thirteen years experience in the business should stand him in good stead in the venture. He has our best wishes.

The reading by Mrs. Isabel Gaskill Beecher at the Normal on Tuesday night was one of the most delightful entertainments of the kind to which it has ever been our pleasure to listen. For two hours she held her audience entranced, moving them as she willed to laughter or to absorbed attention. Her personality is charming, her manner entirely free from affectation, and she is equally strong in humorous or pathetic selections. The management of the lecture course made no mistake in engaging her.

DEEDS.

A new lot of Deeds just printed at this office. They are ruled for writing or blank for typewriting.

Though the Rev. A. J. McCann has been absent from Bloomsburg for several years, he still retains his interest in this town and keeps himself informed of local events by reading the COLUMBIAN. Father McCann is now located at Locust Gap, where he has charge of a large church and is doing a great work. His many friends here would be pleased if he could find time to pay them an occasional visit. During the years that he was pastor of St. Columba's Church he enjoyed the respect of the entire community regardless of religious creed.

HENRY W. CHAMPLIN, M. D.,
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SPECIALIST.
Ent Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Funston are spending the week at New York.

William Calhoun spent Sunday with his parents at Northumberland.

Dr. H. V. Hower, of Mifflinville, attended to business in town yesterday.

DeForest J. Hummer, of Berwick, visited his parents in town on Saturday.

J. E. Roys is attending the Automobile Show at New York City this week.

Percy Brewington, editor of the Benton "Argus," attended license court on Monday.

Warren Edgar, a prominent resident of Stillwater, attended license court on Monday.

William Lilley, of Hemlock township, has been spending the past few days in Bloomsburg.

Jas. C. Brown attended a meeting of the State Editorial Association at Harrisburg on Tuesday.

Mrs. Dr. J. C. Biddle, of Fountain Springs, and Mrs. Hain, of New York City, spent last Friday in town.

R. R. Dent, of the firm of Dent & Sharpless, made a business trip to Williamsport and Jersey Shore this week.

Mrs. David N. Kirkby and children, of Newark, N. J., arrived in town on Saturday for a visit with the Misses Clark.

Merchant O. B. Ammerman, of Jamison City, was a witness for the remonstrators against the Forbes and Devinne licenses on Monday.

Edward Fisher, and family, of Catawissa, were the guests over Sunday at the home of County Commissioner and Mrs. W. H. Fisher on Third Street.

Howard A. Mitchell, formerly on the staff of the Williamsport "News," now with the Morning "News" Danville, was among our pleasant callers on Saturday.

Mrs. David Leopold of Milton visited her sister Mrs. B. A. Gidding the past week. She assisted her brother Sol. Goldsmith at the opening of his five and ten cent store on Saturday.

Howard Furman who has been employed at the American Car & Foundry Co., at Berwick, for some months past has been transferred to his former position with the Company here.

Moved by a desire to hasten the work of construction of the Paper Mill and river bridges at Catawissa, a committee composed of Congressman Davis, C. E. Geyer and W. D. Beckley, called upon Governor Pennypacker at Harrisburg Tuesday and received assurances that the plans for the former and very likely those of the latter bridge will be ready at the next meeting of the Board of Public Works.

The Orangeville Dramatic Club are rehearsing and will produce in the Academy, at that place, Saturday evening, January 28th, the four act drama "Driven From Home." It is a pretty story and its sentiments and pathos are of the sterling honest kind which appeal to every man and woman with a human heart. The play is one that is particularly well suited for amateur performance, and as the members of the Orangeville Dramatic Club possess considerable histrionic talent there is every reason to expect a pleasing presentation. The proceeds will be devoted to a worthy cause.

Sol Goldsmith's five and ten cent store opened with a rush of business Saturday morning. Mr. Goldsmith opened the doors before seven o'clock, and from that time on throughout the entire day, the store was crowded with buyers. So animated was the trade that several of his leading lines of goods, such as agate ware and baskets, of which he had a large stock, were completely exhausted, before the noon hour. Mr. Goldsmith is a young man whom it is a pleasure to meet, he is thoroughly familiar with every phase of the business in which he is engaged, and his store is a model of neatness. He has employed Miss Mary White as clerk.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

Farmers National Bank,

at Bloomsburg, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business Jan. 11th, 1905.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$313,862 64
Overdrafts secured and unsecured		627 88
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		60,000 00
Stocks, Securities, &c.		108,467 50
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures		5,000 00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)		18,682 01
Due from State Banks and Bankers		913 31
Due from approved reserve agents		27,552 69
Checks and other cash items		1,511 22
Notes of other National Banks		2,500 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cts.		107 84
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:		
Specie	$ 6,910 90	
Legal Tender Notes	20,770 00	27,680 90
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		1,700 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent. redmption fund		2,300 00
Total		$572,927 99

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 60,000 00
Surplus fund	60,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	18,154 60
National Bank Notes outstanding	59,000 00
Due to other National Banks	3,254 92
Due to State Banks and Bankers	833 21
Due to Trust Companies and Savings Banks	2,131 01
Dividends unpaid	1,548 00
Individual deposits, subject to check	367,150 10
Certified checks	439 12
Cashier's checks outstanding	216 83
Total	$572,927 99

State of Pennsylvania, } ss:
County of Columbia }

I, M. MILLEISEN, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief

M. MILLEISEN, CASHIER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of Jan., 1905. J. C. RUTTER, JR., Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:

JNO. L. MOYER,
C. M. CREVELING, } Directors.
N. U. FUNK,

THE WORK OF LICENSE COURT.

[Continued from 1st page.]

given by A. B. Cole and Warren Edgar.

Judge Hinckley, representing the remonstrance, called the same witnesses, as were heard in the Devanney case.

The interrogation of a witness for the remonstrance by Judge Hinckley, regarding an alleged violation of the liquor law by applicant Forbes, in selling to a minor, precipitated a lively tilt between him and Hon. Grant Herring, counsel for applicant. The question was "didn't you see Forbes sell liquor to a minor at the City Hotel?" Judge Herring, in vigorous tones objected to the question on the ground that it was improper, and also that it was not specified in the remonstrance, as required by the rules of Court. The Court, however, overruled the objection, and permitted the question to be asked

At the close of the testimony Judge Herring renewed his objection. He was convincingly earnest, and at the close of his remarks, he was loudly applauded.

While counsel were getting ready for the next case, the Court disposed of the following business.

Simon R. Carl vs. Andrew Zero. In re rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened and the defendant be permitted to make defense. This action is an appeal from judgment of a Justice of the Peace. Judgment being entered in favor of the plaintiff. Now January 16, 1905, the rule is made absolute and the defendant is permitted to make defense.

John F. Creasy and Hervey Creasy, administrators of W. H. Creasy, deceased, vs. Harry B. Creasy et. al. In the matter of the rule to show cause why judgment should not be stricken off. Now January 16, 1905, this rule is made absolute and the judgment is directed to be stricken off.

Jacob R. Stine vs. Bair and Cherington. In the matter of the rule to show cause why judgment should not be opened. And now January 16, 1905, the present rule is amended by substituting therefor a rule to show cause why the judgment should not be opened and the defendant permitted to make defense and which rule is made absolute upon condition that the defendants shall within fifteen days give sufficient surety in the sum of $500 to pay the plaintiff whatever sum may ultimately be recovered by this action and also file an affidavit of defense in that time.

The oath of citizenship was administered to Eugene Gillaspy and Bernard Mooney, both of Conyngham township.

Edward Bowen took the initiatory, in his application for a hotel in Locust township. He stated to the Court the reason for a hotel, among which is the fact, that in one direction it is two miles and in the other direction three miles from any other hotel. His house, he said, is equal to every requirement, and there is sufficient stable accommodations. He was supported by the testimony of five witnesses, Patrick Bowen, William Goss, Chas. Drumheller, Henry Hart and Clark Martz.

There was a remonstrance against the application, in support of which, Rev. Bachman, pastor of the Reformed Church at Numidia and Mill Grove, Lawson Lee, Aaron Rarig, Daniel Levan and B. S. Bodine, took the witness stand.

There was no remonstrance against the application of Thomas Boran and John Caliban for restaurant license at Centralia.

In the action of trespass brought by Michael Madden against the Lehigh Valley Coal Co. Judge Little on Tuesday handed down an opinion in favor of the defendant.

Other applications against which no remonstrances were filed were Paul Kemp, wholesale, Conyngham township; Patrick Carey, restaurant, East North Conyngham township; P. J. Gaugh, restaurant, Conyngham township; Ignantz Mittleman, saloon, West Berwick; H. Schlanger, wholesale, West Berwick; Daniel Eckard, restaurant, West Berwick; G. F Spoonenburg, hotel, West Berwick and P. J. Morgan & Son, wholesale, Bloomsburg. The number of witnesses as required by law, were called in each instance.

The application of William and H. D. Miller for a hotel license in Briarcreek, found favor with the Court, and the same was granted before all the testimony had been heard.

An application in which there was centered considerable local interest, by reason of the fact that the applicant is a resident of town, was that of J. E. Sands, for a hotel license at Mordansville. The testimony of the applicant, together with that of Frank Mordan, H. H. Kindt, M. J. Elder and C. L. Sands, clearly proved the need of a hotel at that point. There was no remonstrance.

Judge Little announced that he had secured another Judge to sit at Court during week of February 13, when the Freeze-Appleman case and the cases of B. F. Sharpless vs. Edwin B. Tustin and Townsend vs. Gidding would come up for trial. He ordered that these cases be made to head the list

Tuesday afternoon the following licenses had been finally acted upon. All the applications from over the mountain, in Conyngham and Centralia had been granted by the Court.

The application of Edward Bowen for hotel license in Locust township is refused.

The restaurant license of D. E. Eckard and the hotel license of G. F. Sponenberg, West Berwick, is granted. The other applications of West Berwick, three in number, are refused.

T. J. Morgan & Son, Bloomsburg, are granted a bottler's license.

The application of Joseph E. Sands for hotel license in Mordansville is granted.

The restaurant licenses of Devanney and Forbes, of Jamison City, are refused.

The last case, that of Thos. Hickey, for a hotel license on Leonard Street, Bloomsburg, was taken up Wednesday morning. William Chrisman Esq., represented Mr. Hickey, while Hon. Fred Ikeler, was on the side of the remonstrance.

The opposition to the granting of this license was based on the unsuitableness of the house, and the uselessness of a hotel in that part of the town.

Mr. Hickey, from the witness stand described the improvements he proposed to make in the event of his securing a license. He will enlarge it to an eighteen room house. There has long been a demand for a hotel there, and particularly so during the fair, he said, and strangers have frequently expressed themselves as much surprised that hotel accommodations could not be had in that neighborhood.

Mr. Hickey was borne out in his statements by the testimony of C. L. Cronin, Thos. Webb, Walter Wayne, John Deily, Clinton Sterling and Thos. DeReamer.

C. M. Hess was the first witness for the remonstrance. He has lived in that neighborhood for a number of years, but has never been able to see that there is any need for a hotel. There is considerable demand for board during fair week, but those applying always prefer a private house. Aside from this, he does not think that the house is in any way suitable for the purpose for which Mr. Hickey is seeking to put it. He was substantiated by the testimony of George Belig, D. P. Unger, and David Brobst.

Mr. Chrisman addressed the Court for the applicant, followed by Mr. Ikeler for the remonstrance.

The matter will probably be held by the Court until Saturday.

Asks $5000 Damages From D. L. & W. Railroad Company.

For the loss of several months time which period was required in the curing of a broken collar bone, several fractured ribs, torn muscles and other injuries, resultant from an accident on the D. L. & W. Railroad, Fred D. Hagenbuch, now employed as a conductor and motorman on the Columbia & Montour Electric Railway, is seeking to recover damages from the railroad in the sum of $5,000. The praecipe was filed by Hagenbuch's attorney, C. C. Evans, Esq., of Berwick, on Monday, and is returnable at the February term of court.

The accident occurred on the 19th of January of last year. Hagenbuch was driving a milk wagon over the railroad crossing near Almedia and was struck by an engine. He was brought to the home of his parents in town, and for a time his life was despaired of.

Charles M. Schwab was once a ragged, bare foot boy, now he pays fifty dollars a pair for shoes and has corns.

Clearing The Deck.

January is the time we Clear Out The Stocks and make ready for the Coming Season's Trade —yet you have three good months of usefulness out of these goods we offer at Reduced Prices, and some of them a longer time than that. The money saving opportunities for you are quite numerous. An investigation will repay you.

COATS.—

20.00 Ladies' Coats 15.00
14.00 Ladies' Coats 10.00
10.00 Ladies' Coats 7.00

OUTING NIGHT ROBES.

1.00 Night Robes 78c
75c. Night Robes 58c
50c. Night Robes 39c
1.50 Night Robes 1.15

FURS REDUCED.—

It will well repay you to see the choice furs at the reduced prices.

DRESS GOODS.—

Many lots of Dress Goods have been reduced:

39c. for 50 cent Zibelines.
42c. for 50 cent Novelties.
84c. for 1.00 Mixtures.

SEPARATE SKIRTS—

All separate Dress Skirts at reduced prices — See them.

Blankets and Comfortables.—

Just when you need them they go at reduced prices.

COMFORTS

5.00, 3.25, 3.00, 2.50 1.56 are reduced to
4.00, 2.75, 2.50 2.00 1.25

BLANKETS

5.50, 5.00, 3.75, 3.40, 3.00 are reduced to
4.50, 4.00, 3.00, 2.90, 2.50

TABLE LINENS.—

We call special attention to three numbers of bleached all linen table linens 2 yds. wide at 58c, 88c and 1.00 per yard.

10—4 New York Mills Sheeting - 28c.
90x90 Sheets Bleached 70c.
90x90 H. S. Sheets 80c.
81x90 plain hem Sheets 62c

Ladies' Tailored Suits At Big Reductions.

The Clark Store.

TALK NO. 65.

Your Christmas Opportunity; Don't Miss It.

Our fine display of Holiday Goods is opened and ready. The most appropriate presents for one and all at fairest prices. We claim for our Holiday stock excellence in quality, great variety and very low prices, making this store, beyond a question of doubt, the RIGHT PLACE TO GET THE RIGHT GIFTS AT THE RIGHT PRICE. We invite you to inspect our stock before making your purchases.

Geo. W. Hess,

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER, BLOOMSBURG, PENNA

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly Chronicled.

Speaker Nixon told the Albany assembly that he saw no reason why the legislature should not adjourn by April 1.

According to reports received at the official mine office at Essen, Germany, 122,612 men from 187 coal mines are out on strike.

Ira A. Sanger, a relative of Mrs. George M. Pullman of Chicago, has been slain by Mexican half breed bandits in the mountain wilds of Sinaloa, Mexico. Robbery was the motive.

Three summer hotels and six cottages of summer residents were burned at Rockaway Beach, N. Y., causing a loss of $200,000. The hotels destroyed were the Waldorf, Germania and Columbian.

Tuesday, Jan. 17.

A meeting of miners' delegates at Essen, Germany, has declared a general strike.

L. L. West, an express messenger, was killed and thirteen persons were injured in the wreck of a northbound Santa Fe train near Derby, Kan.

Alexander Nedzinska, aged nineteen years, is dead as the result of injuries received in a prize fight with George Kubasak in a barn at Millmont, near Reading, Pa.

A fire at the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger plant, Chicago, caused damage to the extent of $600,000. At different times twenty-four firemen were overcome by ammonia fumes, smoke and flames.

Fire originated in the cellar of the store occupied by the True Belting company in the Crouse block, corner of Broad and John streets, Utica, N. Y., destroying an entire block, entailing a loss of $150,000 or more.

Lieutenant Avery, one Philippine scout and two native employees have been wounded in action at Dolores river, Philippine Islands. Private Austin, hospital corps, was wounded and nine constabulary were killed in action near Maslog, Samar.

Following the surrender to District Attorney Jerome of the gambling outfits belonging to Frank Farrell, Dave Johnson and Frank MacDougal, it was declared by counsel for the gamblers that Jerome has closed every gambling house in New York city and that they will remain closed.

Monday, Jan. 16.

Levi Rouss, better known as "Lazarus," has celebrated his birthday at Passaic, N. J. It was his one hundredth and fifteenth, he claims.

The government of the Netherlands has selected the military parade ground near the Bosch at The Hague as the site for Andrew Carnegie's palace of peace.

The robber who was killed while attempting to force an entrance into the home of the Lance brothers, near Monaca, Pa., has been identified as Arthur S. Harris, aged nineteen years, of Midway, Pa. He was thought to be a respectable student.

Fire that for a time threatened the destruction of the village of Spartansburg, Pa., burned itself out after destroying Eastman's millinery store, Blakeslee's general store, Meltzer's shoe store, Dr. Maitland's office and three dwellings. The loss was $35,000.

John Samsdell, aged fourteen years, lies at a Trenton (N. J.) hospital with a pistol wound in his stomach, and his eighteen-year-old brother William has been locked up pending an investigation into the shooting. The elder boy says they were shooting at a target and skylarking when his brother was accidentally shot.

Saturday, Jan. 14.

The president has appointed Vespasian Warner to be commissioner of pensions. Mr. Warner is now a member of congress from Illinois.

The Corn Products company's big starch plant at Oswego, N. Y., caught fire, and a group of three large buildings were destroyed; loss, $250,000.

Hon. Eugene Foss of Boston in an address to the members of the Empire club at Toronto, Ont., made a strong plea for reciprocity between the United States and Canada.

Mr. Powell, the American minister to Haiti, has informed the government of Haiti that the United States refuses to recognize the validity of the sentence in contumacy to fifteen years at hard labor pronounced by the Haitian court against Jaeger Huber, an American citizen, for alleged complicity in bond frauds.

Joseph Chamberlain related at Liverpool that on one occasion a foreign monarch said to him, "Of all things connected with your British history the one I admire the most is your colonial policy." Mr. Chamberlain replied to this: "Sir, I think you do us too much honor. We never had a colonial policy, but somehow or another we have been allowed to blunder into the best parts of the world."

Friday, Jan. 13.

A report from Wagon Mound, N. M., states that five persons were killed in a head-on wreck on the Santa Fe road near there.

Mrs. Mary Rogers will be hanged in the state prison at Windsor, Vt., on Feb. 6. Governor Charles J. Bell has given his final decision not to interfere with the execution of the death sentence.

The Republican joint caucus of the Indiana legislature has nominated two candidates for the United States senate, Senator Albert J. Beveridge for re-election and Congressman James A. Hemenway to fill the unexpired term of Charles W. Fairbanks, vice president elect.

The house of congress adopted an amendment to the army and navy bill which will, if it becomes a law, deprive not only General Miles, but all retired army officers above the grade of major, of full pay and emoluments when they are assigned to duty with state militia.

The members of the different textile unions in Fall River, Mass., have agreed to delegate the power of settling the strike in the cotton mills to the fifteen members of the textile council. The call for the meeting is said to be the result of the efforts of Governor William L. Douglas to settle the strike.

Thursday, Jan. 12.

Both of the women yellow fever patients who arrived from Panama at Havana on the steamship Dora are dead.

Ten persons were injured, the hurts consisting mainly of bruises and cuts, in a collision between two local subway trains at Worth street, New York.

Fire has destroyed the Heddon Dry Goods company's building at New Albany, Ind., in the upper part of which were offices and lodge rooms; loss, $75,000.

James Rodee of Broton, N. Y., a trapper of small game, was drowned in a peculiar manner. While examining a trap he was seized with an epileptic fit and rolled into the water. The body was found by members of his family who were led to the scene by the trapper's dog.

The boiler of a locomotive attached to the eastbound fast express train on the Erie road blew up while standing at the Creston (O.) station, killing the engineer and fireman instantly and badly injuring another man who was riding in the engine cab. The cause of the explosion is not known.

FRENCH CABINET TO RESIGN.

Premier Combes Threatened In the Chamber With a Saucepan.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—The ministry of M. Combs, after emerging successfully from its bitter midnight struggle in the chamber of deputies, has decided to abandon the field while some portion of its prestige still remains and has signified its intention of resigning. Official announcement of the resignations has not yet been made, but M. Combes has definitely stated the intention of himself and his colleagues, and the termination of the ministry after a tempestuous career of three years only awaits the formal submission of the letters of retirement.

Premier Combes in the chamber was assailed not only by the almost continuous hoots and yells of the Opposition, but by Baudry d'Asson, a Royalist deputy, who rushed at the premier brandishing a huge saucepan.

Auto Makes Fast Mile.

ORMOND, Fla., Jan. 18.—H. C. Bowden of Boston went over the mile straightaway course here in a trial trip with his ninety horsepower French automobile in the remarkably fast time of thirty-seven seconds. This is two seconds faster than the world's record for a straight mile made in the race last year by W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr. The trial was made against a strong northeast wind on the Ormond-Dayton beach course.

"With Profound Regret."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—William Williams, commissioner of immigration at New York, has tendered and the president has accepted "with profound regret" his resignation of that office, to take effect Feb. 10 next.

Pittsburg to Have Subway System.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 18.—It is announced that H. C. Frick has completed plans for a system of subways to the suburbs, including tunnels under both rivers to Allegheny and the south side.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Stock Quotations.

Money on call easy at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; exchanges, $430,222,569; balances, $11,575,556; exports of general merchandise from the port of New York for the week ending yesterday were valued at $10,089,269.

Closing prices:

Amal Copper	74⅞	N. Y. Central	142½
Atchison	87½	Norf. & West	78⅞
B. & O.	101¾	Penn. R. R.	137¼
Brooklyn R. T.	62¾	Reading	83⅝
C., C., C. & St. L.	91¼	Rock Island	36½
Ches. & Ohio	49½	St. Paul	173⅜
Chi. & Northw.	209	Southern Pac.	67⅛
D. & H.	183	Southern Ry.	34½
Erie	39¾	South. Ry. pf.	90⅜
Gen. Electric	188¼	Sugar	143⅝
Ill. Central	155¼	Texas Pacific	34½
Lackawanna	342	Union Pacific	118⅝
Louis. & Nash.	140½	U. S. Steel	30⅝
Manhattan	165⅝	U. S. Steel pf.	94¼
Metropolitan	117	West. Union	92
Missouri Pac.	107		

New York Markets.

WHEAT—Opened off under low Liverpool cables and prospects of larger Argentine shipments; shortly the market rallied on light northwest receipts and bull support at Chicago; May, $1.15⅝@1.15⅞; July, $1.02⅛@1.02⅜.

TALLOW—Dull; city, 4⅝c.; country, 4⅝@4¾c.

HAY—Firm; shipping, 62½@67½c.; good to choice, 80@87½c.

POTATOES—Easy; Long Island, $1.75@2; state and western $1.25@1.50; Jersey sweets, $2@3.75.

STRAW—Quiet; long rye, $1@1.15.

WOOL—Firm; domestic fleece, 32@35c.

HOPS—Steady; state, common to choice, 1904, 29@37c.; 1903, 30@33c.; olds, 14c.; Pacific coast, 1904, 29@35c.; 1903, 30@33c.; olds, 14@17c.

BUTTER—Steady; extra western creamery, 30c.; extra nearby prints, 32c.

EGGS—Steady; nearby fresh, 28c. at mark; western fresh, 28c. at mark.

CHEESE—Quiet, but steady; New York, full creams, fancy, 12½@12¾c.; choice, 12c.; do., fair to good, 11½@11¾c.

LIVE POULTRY—Unchanged; fowls, 12@14c.; old roosters, 9c.; spring chickens, 15@18½c.; ducks, 14@15c.; geese, 13@14c.; turkeys, 13@14c.

DRESSED POULTRY—Firmer; good demand; fowls choice fresh killed, 13@13½c.; do., fair to good, 11½@12½c.; nearby chickens, choice, 15c.; western do., choice, 14½@15c.; do., fair to good, 11@14c.; turkeys, nearby, fancy, 21c.; choice, 20c.; do., fair to good, 17@19c.; western do., choice to fancy, 19@20c.; do., fair to good 17@18c.; ducks, nearby, 15@16c.; western do., 12@15c.; geese, nearby, 11@12c.; western do., 10@11c.

Live Stock Markets.

CATTLE—Supply light; market steady; choice, $5.40@5.60; prime, $5.10@5.30; veal calves, $8@8.50.

HOGS—Receipts light; market steady; prime heavy, $4.85@4.90; heavy Yorkers and mediums, $4.80@4.85; light Yorkers, $4.65@4.75; pigs, $4.50@4.60; roughs, $4@4.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light; market steady; prime wethers, $5.50@5.75; common sheep, $2.50@3.25; spring lambs, $5@7.85.

ROSE FARMS OF EUROPE

Raising Flowers to be Used in Making Perfume.

LARGEST IS IN ROUMANIA

Nearly a Million Women and Girls Find Employment on the Flower Farms of Southeastern Europe—Whole Families Migrate to Help in Picking.

Few people realize the extent of the perfume industry or of the immense number of flowers that are annually grown for the extract gained from them. It is estimated that millions of pounds of rose leaves are annually reduced to perfumes, and that nearly 1,000,000 women work following the old home recipes and supply the markets of the world.

In southeastern Europe the rose-gathering season is from May to the middle of July, and 750,000 women and girls are employed in this industry. In the south of France and near Paris roses are cultivated for the purpose of manufacturing the attar, and over 30,000,000 pounds of rose leaves are annually gathered.

One of the largest rose fields, if not the largest, in the world is situated in Roumania and is over 120 miles long by 40 in width. When the time of the Roumanian picking season is known, people come from 400 or 500 miles in every direction to get to work. Whole families migrate from Bosnia, Albania, and even from Greece, Roumania and Asia Minor to take part in gathering the roses.

For two months any one who can pick roses can get a job in the Southern Balkans. Picking begins at early dawn when the dew is on the leaves, and is continued until 10 or 11 a. m., or during cloudy weather, all day long. When the sun is shining brightly labor is discontinued toward noon, and recommenced at 4 or 5, and then work is carried on as long as the workers can see. Labor is paid for by the pound.

Every picker is equipped with a basket holding about two bushels, for rose leaves are light. After the baskets are full, they are emptied into sacks and as soon as possible these are transported to the houses and there converted into essence. The factories where the attar of roses is made are mere sheds; sometimes the walls are of brick, sometimes of stone, and occasionally of planks. On one side stand the retorts in rows, copper alembics about three feet high, with a brick furnace underneath. Each alembic has a capacity of 110 liters or quarts, but for a charge only 75 quarts of water are used and 22 pounds of rose leaves.

Distillation goes on for an hour, and then the flask receiving the distilled product is removed and the alembic recharged and the process begun again. The attar of roses is the oil which floats upon the surface, and this is subsequently taken off by cooling and condensation.

The violet plants are generally grown in fields where there are orange and lemon trees, and the shade of these trees is a benefit to the growth of the flower. The violet farms require constant irrigation. These plants are set in rows so that gathering may take place without any one stepping on the flowers.

After the gathering has taken place a pomade is made by bringing the flowers into contact with some very pure fat, the latter being a suitable mixture of lard and suet, and carefully purified. The pomades are then melted, put into tin cans and shipped to all parts of the world. The manufacturing perfumer removes the pomade from the tins, "washing" the pomade with deodorized alcohol, which takes away from the grease the odoriferous substances of the flowers. This "washing" is the basis of all fine perfumes, and to it are added the various oils and substances that give to it its great commercial value.

The standard scent-plants are as follows: Rose, rose geranium, rosemary, citron, lavender, orris or iris root, bitter almond, thyme, violet, cassie or opopnax, tuberose, anise, caraway, fennel, dill and coriander.

Jasmine culture is one of the most expensive known, but as its perfume is said to be one that cannot be adulterated or imitated, it brings a high price, on account of its general purity. It is grown in the vicinity of Grasse, France, and also in India, where its very delicate perfume is highly prized and esteemed.

Lassa's Secret a Superstition.

Lassa's former secret is said to have been more of a general superstition than a fact. Though no European army has before entered its gates, they have not always been closed to the discreet traveler. According to a recent writer Warren Hastings, keenly aware of Lassa's importance, sent an envoy thither—one Bogle—as early as 1774. Thomas Manning, the friend of Charles Lamb, passed four months within the walls of the sacred city, and left behind him an eloquent description. He was even granted an audience with the dalai lama, a boy of seven.

Unique Trousers Creaser.

An Illinois inventor has patented an arrangement for creasing trousers without removing them from the wearer. It consists of a pair of rollers mounted on a pair of handles, which are hinged together in the manner of a pair of tongs. The device may be heated in a gas jet or otherwise, and the garment is creased by being passed between the rollers.

AFRICAN POLYGAMISTS.

Condition of Natives of the Dark Interior.

A cowardly tribe in the interior of Africa, the Borans, is thus described by a British explorer: "They carry long spears with huge blades, which look grotesque in the hands of such a craven race. They wear loose knickers of American cotton cloth and a wrap of the same material over their shoulders. These clothes are treated with 'ghi' (butter) till they look like black waterproof. This American cloth is very durable and is the only cloth for which there is any demand. It is the ordinary medium of exchange among the tribes from Dirri to the coast. The Boran either shaves his head or keeps his hair short or long in ghi-covered ringlets, but he always wears a small pigtail. He ornaments himself with a necklace of small beads or plaited giraffe-tail hairs, also with many heavy bracelets of metal and ivory, which often incase his arm up to the elbow. Each of these is supposed to represent some dangerous animal, including man, which he has slain. Bands and tabs of giraffe skin complete his costume."

Borans are polygamists if they can afford the luxury. Their women have to content themselves with leather garments made of bullock hides scraped thin, clothing being considered much too valuable for them. They are weighed down with many bead necklaces. Their religion consists in a belief in a spirit, 'Wak.' The vagueness of their conception of 'Wak' is shown by the fact that the same word is used in the Boran tongue for the sky. They do not believe in any future state of existence, but try to avert present calamity by propitiating Wak. This is done by sacrificing their children and their cattle. A Boran of any standing when he marries becomes a 'raba,' and for a certain period after marriage, probably four to eight years, he is obliged to leave any children that are born to him to die in the bush. No Boran cares to contemplate the fearful calamities with which Wak would visit him if he failed in this duty.

After the "raba" period the Boran becomes a "gudda." "This word," says the traveler who describes the natives, "happens to be the Hindustani for 'ass,' but if there were any connection the Boran would certainly be entitled to the rank earlier in life." Wak has no claim on Gudda's children, but neither has Gudda himself. He has to send them off at a very early age with a present of cattle and sheep to be brought up by the wata, who are the low hunter caste of the Borans. They remain with these people till they are grown up and then return to the bosom of their people."

Parting Salutations.

A Turk will solemnly cross his hands on his breast and make a profound obeisance when he bids you farewell.

The genial Japanese will take his slipper off as you depart, and say, with a smile: "You are going to leave my despicable house in your honorable journeying—I regard thee!"

The Filipino's parting benediction is bestowed by rubbing his friend's face with his hand.

The German "Leben Sie wohl" is not particularly sympathetic in its sound, but it is less embarrassing to those it speeds than the performance of the Hindu, who, when you go from him, falls in the dust at your feet.

Fiji Islanders cross two red feathers. Natives of New Guinea exchange chocolates. The Burmese bend low and say, "Hib, hib!"

The South Sea Islanders rattle each other's whale-teeth necklace.

The Russian form of parting salutation is brief, consisting of the single word, "Praschall," which sounds like a sneeze.

The Otaheite Islander will twist the end of the departing guest's robe and then solemnly shake his two hands three times.

The Piccadilly tribe of white men say, "Ta, ta, old fellow!"—Tit-Bits.

Old Time Baseball.

The rules of the game were similar to those used in the "New York game," as our now national game was then called, except in the manner of scoring runs. In some sections it was the rule that when a long hit was made, or the ball lost, the batsman could make not more than one run, while in other localities the runner could make as many as he was able, as in cricket. That is, he could keep tearing around the bases, rolling up runs, until the ball was put in play. I recall one game in which, when my side had a good lead, an opposing batsman hit the ball into some tall grass near second base. We "outs" lost sight of it, but the batsman did not, and, unseen by us, picked it up and kept on running until his side had a safe lead. When the Massachusetts schoolboys were playing their brand of ball, the New York game was the game in general vogue throughout the country, and this style of playing gradually replaced the other in New England.—Outing.

Forgot His Message.

"I was spending some time at White Sulphur Springs, Va.," said I. W. Read of Nashville, "and one afternoon a handsome young woman and her little six-year-old son sat near me on the veranda. The little fellow trotted up to me and I patted him on the head. 'What's your name?' he asked. I told him. 'Is you married?' he lisped. 'No, I'm not,' I replied. Then the child paused a moment and, turning to his mother, said, 'Mamma, what else did you tell me to ask him?'"

NEW THOUGHTS.

Are you growing more attractive as you advance in life?

"Given a healthy body," says Dr. R. V. Pierce, the specialist in woman's diseases, of Buffalo, N. Y., "and a healthy mind, and everyone can cultivate and enjoy happiness."

We must eat properly and digest well to be beautiful. It is a fact that any form of dyspepsia may in a few days transform a clear, white skin into a mass of pimples and black spots. A beautiful woman has the beauty of her stomach.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery maintains a person's nutrition by enabling one to eat, retain, digest and assimilate the proper nutritious food. It overcomes the gastric irritability and symptoms of indigestion, and thus the person is saved from those symptoms of fever, night-sweats, headache, etc., which are so common. A tonic made up largely of alcohol will shrink the corpuscles of the blood and make them weaker for resistance.

"This is to certify that I have used Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, think it's the grandest medicine in the world," writes Mrs. V. M. Young, of Weir, W. Va. "I had dyspepsia in its worst form. I decided to try your medicine. I used five bottles, and now I am doing my own housework. A number of my friends also are using Dr. Pierce's medicine and they recommend it highly. May God bless you in your grand work."

Dr. Pierce believes that a tonic made with alcohol will shrink the red blood corpuscles and make the system weak for resistance; that is why he avoided the use of any alcohol or narcotics in his "Medical Discovery," which contains the pure extract from roots and herbs without a particle of alcohol.

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for dyspepsia or debility.

Biliousness is cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

THE FEBRUARY JURYMEN.

The Following Persons Have Been Drawn to Serve at the February Term.

GRAND JURORS.

Adams, L. J., Briarcreek.
Briggs, A. G., Bloomsburg.
Creasy, Charles W., Catawissa Twp.
Clayton, J. C., Catawissa.
Huttenstine, A. M., Mifflin.
Hill, J. P., Sugarloaf.
Hummer, G. B., Sugarloaf.
Hess, H. C., Mifflin.
Jones, A. W., Fishingcreek.
Kramer, Wm., Bloomsburg.
Kressler, Clark, Bloomsburg.
Lahow, Wm., Madison.
Speare, Chet, Benton.
Smith, Nole T., Benton.
Sands, C. L., Mt. Pleasant.
Shaffer, Jacob, Bloomsburg.
Titman, Isaac, Bloomsburg.
Taylor, D. D., Briarcreek.
Tribelpiece, Ray, Orange Borough.
Tubbs, Timothy, Benton Township.
Watkins, Thomas, Cleveland.
Whitenight, Daniel, Fishingcreek.
Welliver, John, Bloomsburg.
Yost, Clark, Franklin.

PETIT JURORS.—FIRST WEEK.

Ash, F. M., Center.
Appleman, G. B., Greenwood.
Adams, Elliot, Briarcreek.
Broadt, Abram, Montour.
Bucher, Charles, Franklin.
Berger, Theodore, Berwick.
Beishline, Gideon, Berwick.
Conner, J. W., Orange Borough.
Chamberlin, John, Madison.
Creasy, W. H., Benton Borough.
Coleman, W. C., Benton Borough.
Croup, Frank, Scott.
Dennin, Isaiah, Mt. Pleasant.
Dunlaye, John, Conyngham.
Diltz, Samuel, Jackson.
Deily, Curtis, Bloom.
Eyer, Mathias, Fishingcreek.
Farringer, Emerson G., Centralia.
Geiger, Harry, Bloomsburg.
Greenley, J. W., Madison.
Hicks, Joseph, Berwick.
Hippensteel, John, Scott.
Hoffman, Jacob, Roaringcreek.
Hess, Alfred, Fishingcreek.
Kelchner, H. F., Benton Borough.
Laubach, W. S., Sugarloaf.
Leiby, James, Locust.
McKelvy, C. W., Bloomsburg.
Masteller, William, Hemlock.
Masteller, William, Sugarloaf.
McCarthy, W. H., Hemlock.
Moss, M. W., Benton Township.
Neiswinder, Jas., Conyngham.
Pohe, C. L., Catawissa Borough.
Parr, John, Mifflin.
Roberts, Clarence, Montour.
Runyon, Harry, Madison.
Sones, Edward, Jackson.
Stiner, Jacob, Bloomsburg.
Schwartz, Lewis, Hemlock.
Sult, A. J., Berwick.
Sands, J. E., Bloomsburg.
Snyder, T. W., Fishingcreek.
Tubbs, Jackson, Sugarloaf.
Werkheiser, James, Bloom.
White, A. B., Scott.
Walton, Lewis, Montour.
Vanhorn, Robert, Greenwood.

JURORS FOR SECOND WEEK.

Brown, Addison, Mt. Pleasant.
Baker, John S., Benton.
Beagle, Robert, Greenwood.
Beaver, W. L., Main.
Campbell, Jackson, Locust.
Creasy, Wilson, Mifflin.
Creasy, J. W., Mifflin.
Calyberger, Adam, Berwick.
Deitrich, Frank, Bloomsburg.
Evans, Harry, Hemlock.
Furman, C. C., Bloomsburg.
Fisher, W. B., Beaver.
Hagenbuch, Wm., Orange.
Hagenbuch, J. S., Center.
Hagenbuch, T. W., Scott.
Hauck, Samuel, Roaringcreek.
Kelchner, D. W., Briarcreek.
Keiter, George W., Bloomsburg.
Kline, F. J., Mt. Pleasant.
Kressler, A. V., Mt. Pleasant.
Moser, Joseph, R., Conyngham.
Meyers, Wm. W., Hemlock.
Meixell, Torrence, Sugarloaf.
Miller, Wm., Berwick.
Mensinger, J. C., Main.
Morden, Wesley, Bloomsburg.
Nagle, T. J., Center.
Rantz, Steward, Jackson.
Rhodes, M. H., Bloomsburg.
Snyder, Joseph, Cleveland.
Smith, Wm. S., Hemlock.
Shultz, Vincent, Madison.
Shaffer, John, Millville.
Snyder, Wm., Locust.
Unangst, Rudoph, Berwick.
Yocum, C. M., Roaringcreek.

Trial List for Week Beginning Monday, February 6, 1905.

FIRST WEEK.

The Hydraulic Mf'g. Co. vs. J. K Sharpless.

O. W. George vs. B. A. Friedman.

SECOND WEEK.

Jacob Baker vs. The Conewango Building and Loan Association and Tilghman Klechner and Charles Baker.

Christie Baker vs. The Conewango Building and Loan Association and Tilghman Klechner and Charles Baker.

Fuhrman and Schmidt vs. The Conewango Building and Loan Association and Tilghman Klechner and Charles Baker.

F. P. Creasy vs. North and West Branch Railway Company.

Harry Harman and Martha Harman, his wife to use of the said wife vs. The Pennsylvania Canal Company.

Benjamin Stackhouse vs. Margaret Albertson.

W. T. Smith and Son vs. Magee Carpet Works.

Agnes Smith vs. A. J. Knouse, S. L. Knouse, A. Z. McHenry and Merton Knouse trading as A. J. and S. L. Knouse and A. Z. McHenry.

Rufus Messenger and Sarah Messenger vs. A. J Knouse, S. L. Knouse, A. Z. McHenry and Merton Knouse trading as A. J. and S. L. Knouse and A. Z. McHenry.

Ida Fritz intermarried with Charles H. Fritz vs. The Township of Briarcreek.

E. D Tewksbury Administrator vs. The Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.

Frederic Hummel vs. The Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.

B. E. Sharpless vs. E. B. Tustin.

L. C Mensch vs. Francis Ely Defendant with notice to Margaret Ely Garnishee.

Freas B. Ringrose vs. W. D. Campbell.

Jeremiah O. Frey vs. Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.

Mary A. Creveling vs. The Susquehanna, Bloomsburg and Berwick Railroad Company.

William Ney vs. The Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.

John Mowrey vs. The Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.

Charles Reichard vs. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

H. V White and William L. White vs. The Susquehanna, Bloomsburg and Berwick Railroad Company.

John R. Townsend and Louis J. Townsend vs. Benjamin A. Gidding.

Lloyd Fox vs. Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.

Albert Low vs. The Borough of Berwick.

Sarah J. Martz vs. The Borough of Berwick.

Kimber Duty by his father and next friend Lewis Duty and said Lewis Duty vs. Edward Wardrop and Alexander Wardrop.

Kimber Duty vs. Edward Wardrop and Alexander Wardrop.

Emma Billman now Emma Duty wife of Kimber Duty by her mother and next friend Rebecca Billman and Rebecca Billman vs. Edward Wardrop and Alexander Wardrop.

Emma Billman now Emma Duty wife of Kimber Duty vs. Edward Wardrop and Alexander Wardrop.

Thomas Elmes vs. Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company.

Thomas Elmes vs. Cross-Creek Coal Company.

A. A. Eveland vs. Orange Township.

William G. Yetter Executor of the last will and testament of Lewis Yetter deceased vs. The Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company.

FLORIDA. — PERSONALLY-CONducted tour via Pennsylvania railroad. The first Jacksonville tour of the season via the Pennsylvania Railroad, allowing two weeks in Florida, leaves New York, Philadelphia, and Washington by special train January 31. Excursion tickets, including railway transportation, Pullman accommodations (one berth), and meals *en route* in both directions while traveling on the special train, will be sold at the following rates: New York, $50.00; Buffalo, $54.25; Rochester, $54.00; Elmira, $51.45; Erie, $54.85; Williamsport, $50.00; Wilkesbarre, $50.35; and at proportionate rates from other points.

Similar tours will be run February 14 and 28.

For tickets, itineraries, and full information apply to ticket agents, or address Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 1-12-2t.

A Fortunate Young Lady.

Miss Jennie Martin, 176 North Paul St., Rochester, N. Y., says: I suffered long from kidney complaints—home physicians and their medicine failed to afford me relief. A friend induced me to try Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy made at Rondout, N. Y. The effect was wonderful. By the time I had taken two bottles I was completely cured and have had no trouble since.

Advice to a Young Man.

We hear much about forging to the front, taking time by the forelock, seizing the bull by the horns, and the like, and also that the man with the tail-hold is entirely ignored. Nine men out of ten wisely follow, and succeed, where one does who charges around at the front all the time. If you miss the forelock, seize the tail. It is the hanging on more than the particular hold that counts. The man will go just as fast and nearly as far who has hold of the tail as the one hanging onto the horn; besides he can hold on better and is in less danger. Young man, don't be too anxious to get rapidly to the front, but hang on to what you have and you will get ahead in the world just as fast as you deserve.

Nothing More Dangerous

Than Cutting Corns. The Foot-Ease Sanitary Corn-Pad cures by Absorption. An entirely new invention. The sanitary oils and vapors do the work. *Do not accept any substitute.* Insist upon having **The Foot-Ease Sanitary Corn-Pad.** Identical in merit with Allen's Foot-Ease (powder), but in shape and form best adapted for cure of Corns. Sold by all Druggists 25c. or by mail. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y. 12-29 4t

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

A SCHOOL PROGRAMME.

A Suggestion by the Lecturer of Michigan State Grange.

At least one meeting during the year of every subordinate grange can profitably be given over to the discussion of the rural schools. There should be an intimate relationship existing between the grange and the school. Patrons should feel a special interest in the work of educating the young, so many of whom make the district school their only college. Every grange should have its committee on visitation of schools, and this committee should be composed of the most intelligent and progressive members. They should know by observation just what the local school is doing, whether its teacher is qualified not only but adapted to the needs of that particular school. Some teachers never fit in nicely anywhere, some fit everywhere. When there is a misfit successful work cannot be done. As a rule, the average farmer or average citizen, whether farmer or not, pays too little heed to the management and needs of the school. The progressive farmer and especially the progressive granger will find delight in this work, and he will not fail to make it a subject of discussion in the grange.

The following suggestive programme is furnished by the Michigan state lecturer, and of course it is merely suggestive. It will be varied to suit conditions:

SPECIAL SCHOOL PROGRAMME.

Music—"Columbia."
Roll call—Response by quotations.
Report of committee on visitation of schools.
Paper—"Value of Strong Discipline Over a Child During School Days."
Topic—"The Needs of Our Rural Schools."
(a) From a teacher's standpoint.
(b) From a patron's standpoint.
General discussion.
Question box:
Is our district school good enough as it is?
How many pupils attending school in each district in your township?
Could not the small schools be consolidated with better results?
How many school patrons attended the last annual school meeting?
What points do you judge from in asserting that you have a good school?
In hiring a teacher what qualities do you consider a teacher must possess?
Are you satisfied with a commissioner who visits your district school but once a year and then stays but fifteen minutes?
Discuss the merits of oral spelling as compared with written spelling lessons.
Has your district voted to have a library? If not, how about the library money?
What progress is being made toward teaching agriculture in the public schools?

Michigan and Primary Reform.

The grange in Michigan is very active just now over primary reform. The legislative committee has issued an open letter to the patrons in Michigan upon certain issues in state affairs. They are sending to every Pomona and subordinate grange in the state a question blank, which is to be forwarded to each nominee of all political parties requesting that he fill it out and return the same to the county legislative committee. When these are so returned they are to be read in subordinate granges without comment. These questions bear on primary reform as advocated by the Michigan state grange. In this circular to candidates the committee says:

"We expect positive and direct replies. An evasive answer or failure to reply within a reasonable time will be taken to mean that you are opposed to the passage of this measure. Upon the character of your reply will largely depend our attitude toward you."

Primary reform is not a partisan question in Michigan, consequently the grange, having pledged its influence therefor, can advocate its passage.

A Beautiful Degree.

The sixth degree of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry can only be conferred by the state grange in regular or special session. It is not usual to confer this degree excepting at the annual meeting of a state grange, but it was done in Pennsylvania not long ago. A class of sixty-five took the degree. State Master Hill of that state predicts that the time will soon come when enthusiastic patrons will insist on having the opportunity provided them near home for being invested with this degree so they will not have to wait until the state grange session.

Grange Work In Illinois.

State Master Oliver Wilson of Magnolia, Ill., says that the grange is prospering wonderfully in the Prairie State. Even during the busy harvest season the work was carried on successfully, and a thing never before known in Illinois was the organization of a subordinate grange, with forty-three members, in midharvest season. Grange fairs in Illinois have proved that strictly agricultural exhibitions, without objectionable features, will draw the crowds as well as fairs filled up with other attractions.

A good subject for discussion in the grange is the disfigurement of farm buildings by huge and ludicrous advertisements. They should be prohibited by law. The place to advertise goods is in the newspapers.

One grange insurance company covering three counties in Pennsylvania wrote $300,000 in policies in one month. Total grange insurance in that state is $15,000,000.

Variety in grange meetings is essential to keeping up the interest in grange work.

THE CRAFTY MILITARY SPY

A Dangerous Enemy to Every Civilized State.

MUST BE OBSERVANT

While Exhibiting a Total Ignorance of the Language of a Foreign Country He Overhears Many Important Conversations Regarding Military Secrets of Priceless Value.

There is a common and highly dangerous foe which civilized states have always to guard against—more so during times of peace than when war may be raging—and that is the military spy. He is a danger which menaces every nation, being largely employed by the respective powers of the world to discover the military secrets of other nations.

It is necessary that the man who travels about seeking other countries' secrets should be an excellent linguist, not so much so in order that he may speak the various languages, as to enable him to understand all conversation which he hears. As a matter of fact, a foreign spy often disarms suspicion by exhibiting an utter ignorance of the language of the particular country he may be visiting.

An English Government agent, while in Germany about two years ago managed to escape from a rather dangerous position by acting in such a manner. He had been sent there to try and obtain some information about a new war balloon which the German Government was trying, and decided to travel as an ignorant English tourist. He reached the neighborhood where the experiments were being carried out, but was not allowed to obtain a close inspection of the balloon.

After the experiments had been made, however, he followed the inventor of the balloon and some military friends into a neighboring inn, and sat himself down at a table near them in the hope of hearing some of their conversation. He called for "ein glas bier" in atrociously bad German, in order to convey the impression that he knew nothing of the language. But the military gentlemen still seemed to suspect him, and began talking aloud among themselves, in their own language, about the English "dog," and referring to him in other abusive terms.

The agent, however, took no notice whatever of the remarks, although he well understood their meaning, and sat smoking his pipe and drinking his beer in a manner quite unconcerned. This seemed to satisfy the inventor and his friends, who forthwith began to talk of the balloon experiments. In half an hour the agent had learned enough of the details of the invention—which was a very important one—to send a good report home, and thus enabled his government to learn what Germany was doing in the way of aerial warfare.

It is on account of the espionage which exists in such countries as Great Britain, Russia, Germany and France that the military authorities of these Powers take the greatest precautions to prevent strangers from witnessing any special maneuvers which take place. Perhaps our readers will remember the great fuss which Russia made some time ago because two British officers would persist in hanging about the district in which the autumn maneuvers were to take place. The Russian authorities actually appealed to the British embassy about the matter, with the result that the officers were obliged to leave the neighborhood.

These officers were not spies, but, of course, their actions aroused the suspicion that they were, and Russia is particularly keen in guarding her military knowledge. In spite of the precautions taken by the Powers, however, there are very few maneuvers and military experiments carried out of which Secret Service agents do not obtain some knowledge—New York News.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Happiness is the ever-retreating summit on the hill of ambition.

It's far better to be bent on economy than broke on extravagance.

The average poet is rich—in expectations.

A New York man has cured himself of dyspepsia by eating grass. Now we know what ailed Nebuchadnezar.

Old age may not bring wisdom, but it has a lot of fool experience to its credit.

One of the longest days in the average man's life is the one just before pay day.

The majority of our mistakes would never be noticed if we did not call attention to them.

Preachers have been bombarding his satanic majesty's stronghold for centuries, but he still holds the fort.

London Not So Wicked.

Instead of being the wickedest district in England and Wales, London stands third on the list, according to recently announced figures. First place in crime is held by Monmouth, while another Welsh country, Glamorgan, is second. The most virtuous county, negatively speaking, is also a Welsh county, Cornwall.

GRANGE NEWS.

By J. T. Allman, Press Correspondent and Secretary Penn'a State Grange.

The fact that the Pennsylvania State Grange was organized 32 years ago and that it has held a meeting every year since and that it never was so strong in numbers and so well equipped in every department as it is to-day should convince the most skeptical that the farmers can organize and can maintain an organization.

Fellow farmer, read the proceedings of the 32nd annual session of Pennsylvania State Grange, and if you have not already done so, come and join us and help the cause along. We will do you good. We will promise to bring to you and to your home more sunshine, a broader and a fuller life and with it all a larger share of the wealth that you produce.

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The thirty-second annual session of the Pennsylvania State Grange closed its labors at Erie, Pa., on Dec. 16, 1904. It was the most largely attended and one of the most harmonious and enthusiastic meetings ever held. 600 accredited delegates and over 1000 visiting members were present.

The Secretary's report showed that 35 new granges had been organized and 15 dormant ones reorganized during the year. 7000 new names were added to the rolls of the Subordinate Granges. The receipts exceeded the orders drawn by a handsome sum and the Treasurer's report showed the largest balance on the right side of the ledger for many a year.

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"Wherever the carcass there are the ravens gathered together." That the Grange is fast becoming a power in this state none recognize more fully than a spoilsman and the place hunter. These dared even to try to get their hands in at the recent State Grange meeting. The re-election of Worthy Master Hill by an almost unanimous vote and the adoption of the report of the legislative committee by an altogether unanimous vote should convince these people for all time that the members of the grange understand their business and that they are fully competent to attend to it.

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THE GRANGE AND POLITICS.

The grange has nothing to do whatever with political parties. An attempt to use it in the interest of any party would be suicide, for its members belong to all parties.

Great interest, however, has always been taken by the order in legislation. It justly boasts of many victories in this line and Legislative Committees of both National and State Granges were never stronger and more determined than now. They need the co-operation of every farmer.

—

The Grange is both a conservative and an aggressive organization. Conservative in that it makes no radical demands. Aggressive in that having once made a demand it keeps on repeating it until victory is achieved. Believing that the interest of the farmer would be greatly promoted by their enactment into law, the Pennsylvania State Grange through its Legislative Committee asks of Congress that it refuse to repeal the Grout Law, that it enact laws establishing the Parcels Post, Postal Savings Banks, the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people and the use of Telegraph and Telephone in the mail service.

Of the state legislature soon to assemble, we shall again demand, as of prime importance, relief from unequal and unjust taxation. We shall also insist that Trolley lines be given the right to carry freight, that no part of the $11,000,000.00 school appropriation be diverted, as it now is, from the public schools, that a simple, sensible, secret ballot law be enacted and that the Initiative and Referendum be adopted.

The State Grange Legislative Committee will be untiring in pushing these reforms and it will be ably supported by similar committees in nearly every county.

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Columbia Grange No. 83, Bradford Co. recently started a contest to continue until March. An umpire and two captains were selected. The membership was equally divided, the sides are designated by red and blue ribbons. Each member attending a meeting counts one for his side, a name secured for membership counts five. The defeated side as a penalty will furnish a supper for all. Already 43 names have been proposed for membership, and the regular attendance has been doubled.

A committee has been appointed to buy a piano for the hall that the organ may be used by the Juvenile Grange.

BUDAPEST, A MODERN CITY.

What Has Been Done to Make It a Rival of European Capitals.

Budapest is composed of the towns of Pest, Buda and O-Buda, the three being united as one municipality by an act of Parliament in 1872. The city had a population of 360,000 in 1881, and at this time nas more than 750,000. This growth in population would be a remarkable showing of itself, displaying the city as American in spirit. But what is even more suggestive of Hungarian advancement is the work done in improving the city and making it a rival of the great capitals of Europe.

Budapest had an ugly river-front. The Government removed all the old buildings, and, in reconstructing the district, demonstrated what an attractive spot a levee may be. All the streets are repaved. Many boulevards are established. New public buildings are erected, and the old ones are gone. Old private residences and stores were torn down, and new ones stand in their place. The standards made by the municipal governments were accepted by the citizens, with the result that there is system and beauty in construction.

It is said by travelers that Budapest has been converted in about fifteen years from an uninviting city into one of the most beautiful cities in the world. And this chief city of Hungary is typical of the national spirit; it is a model among modern cities. Hungary is coming to the front, as any country must with a city which progresses so rapidly, and which, in progressing, regards aesthetic ideals.

Our Italian Citizens.

The Italian immigrant is the subject of a capital special number of that excellent periodical, Charities, and the Revista Commerciale has published the results of a statistical investigation of the Italians of New York City. One is astonished to learn that there are in that city 382,775 Italians, the great majority below 45 years of age, and nearly 50,000 are being added each year. Although 48 per cent. are utterly illiterate, the fact remains that they are "most valuable additions to our population." For instance, from the investigation made by the Committee of Fifty, of nearly 30,000 cases in the records of organized charity, it was shown that in 20 per cent. of the German cases, 24 per cent. of the American cases, 25 per cent. of the English cases, and 38 per cent. of the Irish cases, the principal cause of distress was intemperance; in only 3 1-2 per cent. of the Italian cases was intemperance the cause. American city life is having a bad effect upon them. The sudden change of diet is responsible for an increase of certain diseases. The change from the stone cottage in the open fields to the dark and unventilated tenement of Mulberry and Mott streets has resulted in an alarming spread of tuberculosis. Doctor Stella, in his practice in New York, has known as many as twenty-five cases of pulmonary tuberculosis in one year in a single tenement-house.—American Medicine.

The World's Warriors.

Two well-known critics have recently argued that Germany is destined some day to a rude awakening. Gen. Ricciotti Garibaldi believes that the blow is to come from France. Wolf von Schierbrand maintains that the vainglorious, dissolute, overbearing, cowardly Prussian junkers and soldiers of 1806 have their counterparts in the German officers of to-day. Describing the soldier of 1806 in an address to a gathering of his generals at Berlin four years ago the present emperor said: "The glorious soldiers of Frederick the Great had fallen asleep on their laurels, ossified in the trivial details of a senseless, antiquated drill; led by superannuated, unready and unwarlike generals; their officers no longer used to serious work and degenerated by luxury, sloth and blind self-glorification." Yet Wilhelm II. is himself the chief sinner, if Von Schierbrand is to be believed. A military correspondent says that the nobility hold an abnormal number of the higher appointments in the German army. Of the 166 infantry regiments of the Prussian army there are not fewer than thirty-two whose tradition is to exclude officers of bourgeois origin and the custom is gaining strength.

Tale That's Told in Philadelphia.

Robert D. Carson of the Zoological Society recently made a trip to New York and greatly delights in telling an experience he had with an article which is now fortunately unknown in this city—a horse car. Mr. Carson said that he was riding along in the little dinky affair with several other passengers when suddenly the car, in crossing a switch, jolted the front wheels off the tracks. Rain was falling in an industrious manner and almost every one was feeling out of sorts. When the wheels left the tracks all the good humor left the car, and every one was angry. After considerable delay the conductor put his head in the door and shouted.:

"Say, all youse people in de back of dis car sit still, and all youse in de front come out and help put de car on de tracks." Mr. Carson and several other men distinguished by the title of "youse people" got out in the driving rain and pushed the front wheels of the car back on the tracks. Then the dinky little horse car with its cargo of "youse people" bowled merrily along the streets of up-to-date New York.—Philadelphia Press.

Beware of liquid food for reflection that is imbibed through a straw.

It takes some men a long time to discover their unimportance.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Prothonotary and Clerk of the Courts, C. M. Terwilliger, has issued the following marriage licenses during the past week:

Snyder, of Foundryville, and Miss Pearl Covert, of the same place.

William F. Dempsey and Miss Johannah M. Foley, both of Centralia.

Peter Bredbenner, of Berwick, and Miss Blanche E. Miller, of Nescopeck.

Lee S. Townsend and Miss Anna M. Baughert, both of Berwick.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, FEBR'Y 11, 1905,

at two o'clock p. m., all those certain messuages, tenements and tracts of land situate in the townships of Locust and Roaringcreek, Catawissa and Franklin, county and state aforesaid. Bounded and described as follows to wit:

TRACT No. 1.—All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the townships of Locust and Roaringcreek, county and state aforesaid, beginning at a stone corner of land of William Wagner south four degrees fifty minutes west one hundred and one and four tenths perches to a stone, thence north eighty-eight degrees east eighty-five perches to a stone; thence north four degrees forty-five minutes east ninety-nine perches to a stone; thence north eighty-five degrees forty-five minutes west eighty-four and five tenths perches to a stone, the place of beginning, containing

FIFTY-THREE ACRES

be the same more or less.

TRACT No. 2.—All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the township of Franklin, beginning at a lane of Abraham Lillie's and running by the same and land of Benjamin Ford sixteen and one half degrees east ninety-eight perches to a post in the road leading from said Lillie's land through Shick's farm; thence by said road north seventy-six degrees east twenty-eight and two-tenths perches to a pine knot in said road east seventy-eight perches to a stone, south forty-two and one half degrees west twenty-five perches to a stone, south two degrees west twenty-eight and two-tenths perches to a stone; thence north seventy-four and one-half degrees, west sixty perches to the place of beginning, containing

THIRTY-EIGHT ACRES

and sixty-four perches more or less. Being the same premises which T. A. Hartman purchased of L. C. Mensch, Administrator of B. F. Ford, deceased. Whereon is erected a two story

DWELLING HOUSE,

barn and other out buildings.

TRACT No. 3.—All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the township of Catawissa, beginning at a Maple tree corner of E. M. Tewksbury and William Yeager lot, south thirty-nine degrees, west three and one-half perches to the publice road leading from Catawissa to Esther Furnace; thence by the said road south one and one-half degrees east fourteen perches; thence by the same fourteen and one-half degrees west seven perches, thence by the same south eleven and one fourth degrees east seven and one half perches to a corner of lot of Jacob Zimmerman; thence by the same south eighty-two and three fourth degrees west twenty perches to a pine knot; thence by land of John Notestine north seventeen and one-half degrees west thirty perches to a chestnut oak; thence by the same south seventy-two degrees west thirty-three and one-half perches to a post in line of land of William Stoker, deceased; thence by the said William Stoker's land north twenty-seven and one-half degrees west sixty-two perches; thence by land of Alvaretta Fortner north forty-eight and one-fourth degrees east one hundred and twenty-one perches to a corner of lot of N. C. Baer; thence south six and one half degrees east twelve perches to a stone; thence by the same north seventy-two and one-half degrees east six and one-half perches to a fence post a corner of E. M. Tewksbury's land; thence by the said E. M. Tewksbury's land south thirty-nine degrees east forty-three perches to the maple tree the place of beginning, containing

SIXTY-FOUR AND ONE-QUARTER ACRES,

be the same more or less.

Seized taken in execution at the suit of H. W. Hess vs. T. A. Hartman, and to be sold as the property of T. A. Hartman.

L. C. MENSCH, Attorney. W. W. BLACK, Sheriff.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of H. B. Fortner, late of Berwick, Pa., Deceased.

The undersigned auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to audit the account of the administrator of the estate of H. B. Fortner, late of Berwick, Pa., deceased, and to distribute the balance to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will sit for the performance of his duties at the office of A. C. Jackson, Esq., in Berwick, Pa., on Saturday the 28th day of January, 19 5, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where those having claims upon said fund will appear and present the same or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund.

1-5 4t. *BOYD P. MAIZE, Auditor.*

ELECTION NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the members of the Columbia County Agricultural, Horticultural and Mechanical Association will be held in the Court House in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, January 21, 1905, at two o'clock P. M. for the election of officers for the ensuing year.

Jan. 5, te. *A. N. YOST, Secretary.*

Professional Cards.

N. U. FUNK.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ent's Building, Court House Square,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Townsend's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on Centre Street, 1 door below Opera House.

H. A. McKILLIP,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. N. YOST.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Ent Building Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Over First National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office in Ent's Building,

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Will be in Orangeville Wednesday of each week.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg,
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office:—Ent building, over Farmers National Bank. 11-16-99

EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPHONE
EYES TESTED, GLASSES FITTED.
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St
7-30-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA

J. J. BROWN, M. D.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
No Sunday work.
311 Market St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Hours:—10 to 8 Telephone.

DR. M. J. HESS,
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG PA.
Columbia & Montour Telephone connection.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office Barton's Building, Main below Mark
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,5
Penn'a. Phila.....	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,5
Queen, of N. Y.....	500,000	3,538,915	1,021,5
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,758,307	428,
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
All claims promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS,
—o—
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
—o—
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

SADE T. VANNATTA.
(Successor to C. F. Knapp.)
GENERAL INSURANCE
Office 238 Iron St., BLOOMSBURG,
Oct. 31, 1901. tf

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street
Large and convenient sample rooms, bar rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL
I. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Large and convenient sample rooms, bagg rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1905.

SELLS-FOREPAUGH SALE.

Bailey Buys the Circus for $150,000—Sells Half of it to the Ringlings.

The Sells-Forepaugh circus was sold at auction on Tuesday at Columbus, Ohio for $150,000, the only bid. The auctioneer went through the form of crying for other bids but not another offer was made, and in a stentorian tone the auctioneer declared the Sells-Forepaugh show "sold for $150,000, and a very cheap price, gentlemen, but we must take that, since we cannot get more." About 200 persons were present.

Lewis Sells stepped to the front of the platform and informed those present that the purchaser was James A. Bailey. The terms he said, were cash. Only five minutes was required to sell a property that has been 30 years in making.

James A. Bailey gave out the following statement:

"The Forepaugh-Sells Bros. show is now the sole property of James A. Baily and the Ringling Bros. A half interest was sold to the Ringling Bros. after the auction sale. The show will be operated next year by myself and the Ringling Bros., and while the name has not yet been decided upon, Forepaugh-Sells Bros. may be retained." The circus will continue to remain in winter quarters at Sellsville and will start from there early in April, showing in Columbus first. It will be the greatest show on earth.

FARMER'S OPINION.

Support the County Paper and Patronize Its Advertisers.

Every thoughtful and fair minded farmer in Columbia county will heartily endorse the following paper read at a farmers' institute and published in one of our exchanges:

"As a rule the farmer knows no firmer friend than the country press. The home paper is distinctly the farmer's own paper, supported directly or indirectly by the farmers who compose the backbone of the printer's subscription list and largely for what the merchant advertises. Now, brothers, let us not forget our friends. Let us see that our subscription is paid before the first of January and a year in advance if we can afford it. The man or the paper that fights my battles shall have my support. Another thing the merchants who advertise are the ones who make it possible for us to get a good local paper and the men or firms who are too penurious to advertise and help support the local press have no right to the farmer's patronage. I propose hereafter to go to the good, live advertiser and a man who will do his share in supporting the local press, thus contributing to my support, rather than buy of the man who proposes to take all and give nothing in return. If farmers as a class would support their friends, the other fellow would soon go out of business."

TO PLAY AT SUNBURY.

Friendship Boys Will Contest Honors With Danville on Neutral Grounds.

Frank Edmondson aad Harry Bedea were in Sunbury on Saturday says the Danville *News*, making arrangements to play the second basket ball game of the series between the Friendship A. A. of Bloomsburg and the Danville team.

The first game of the series was played in Danville on New Year's Day and resulted in an overwhelming defeat for Bloomsburg by a score of 61–14. The Friendship boys then claimed that they could make a better showing, and stand a good chance of defeating Danville if the next game could be played on neutral ground. The Danville management was willing to give their friends the benefit of the doubt and Sunbury was chosen as the place most convenient for both teams.

The Sunbury Armory has been engaged for January 25th. If possible a special train will be run to accommodate the Bloomsburg and Danville enthusiasts who wish to see the game.

Democratic Caucus.

The Democrats of Bloomsburg will meet in caucus at the Town Hall, Friday night, January 20th, at eight o'clock sharp, for the purpose of nominating persons for the offices of President and Members of Council, Justice of the Peace and for such other offices as may be required.

J. G. QUICK,
A. N. YOST,
J. S WILLIAMS,
F. R. DRAKE,
Committeemen.

Hood's

Sarsaparilla enjoys the distinction of being the greatest curative and preventive medicine the world has ever known. It is an all-round medicine, producing its unequalled effects by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood on which the health and strength of every organ, bone and tissue depend. Accept no substitute for Hood's, but insist on having Hood's AND ONLY HOOD'S.

THEATRICAL.

"WHY GIRLS LEAVE HOME."

A story that should touch every heart and leave its impress. Containing the elements of a great play faithfully picturing the bright and shady periods of budding womanhood. A play that deeply impresses the auditor with the truths presented. Embodying comedy, heart interest and stern tragedy with an original plot and theme. An unswerving lesson embedding itself in the centre of the heart. Strong in emotion, beautiful in sentiment and sensational in heroics. "Why Girls Leave Home" is a life story of intense emotion. A story with a latent charm, that age cannot wither. It is a danger signal on the path of folly. Opera House Wednesday evening, Jan. 25.

"THE HOLY CITY."

A really unique production is that made by Gordon & Bennett in "The Holy City." The piece is a dramatization of the Biblical story of John the Baptist. It is now in its second season and has enjoyed the most marked success wherever it has been seen. The list of characters in this remarkable drama is, at first sight, astonishing for it includes such as Herod, the King of Galilee; Pontius Pilate; Joseph of Arimathea; Peter and John the disciples; Judas the traitor; Herodias, queen of Galilee; Salome; Elizabeth, mother of John and Mary Magdeline.

QUINCY ADAMS SAWYER.

Among the notable attractions soon to appear in Bloomsburg is the quaint play of New England life "Quincy Adams Sawyer," which is now in its fourth season of unqualified success. It is dramatized from the great novel of that name and of which upwards of 200,000 copies have been sold. It is as sweetly natural as the breath of the fields, and it may be said with sincerity that no play has more of the qualities which appeal to the popular fancy without in the least diverging from what is wholesome and good. Opera House Monday evening, Jan. 30th.

Is a Candidate for Re-Election.

Among the names that will go before the Democratic Caucus tomorrow night is that of Guy Jacoby, Esq. who announces himself as a candidate for re-election to the office of Justice of the Peace. Mr. Jacoby has had an extended career as a justice, during which time he has amply demonstrated his executive ability. That he has filled the office in a thoroughly satisfactory manner is admitted by all. With a superior education, wide experience and a cool dispassioned judgment, he makes an excellent official and that he will be nominated to-morrow night and re elected next month is a foregone conclusion.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
—OF THE—

First National Bank

At Bloomsburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business January 11, 1905.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$327,808 40
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		2,623 08
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		50,000 00
Stocks, securities, &c		155,125 00
Banking House, furniture and fixtures		27,000 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)		24,917 28
Due from approved reserve agents		89,550 16
Checks and other cash items		319 92
Notes of other National Banks		160 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cts.		152 21
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:		
Specie	$17,543 35	
Legal-tender notes	21,260 00	38,803 35
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		2,500 00
Total		$718,959 40

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	125,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	23,660 54
National Bank Notes outstanding	49,300 00
Due to other National Banks	31,275 33
Due to Trust Companies and Savings Banks	258 74
Individual deposits, subject to check	389,392 16
Cashier's checks outstanding	72 63
Total	$718,959 40

State of Pennsylvania, } ss.
County of Columbia, }

I, E. F. CARPENTER, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. F. CARPENTER, CASHIER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of January, 1905.

S. F. PEACOCK, Notary Public.

CORRECT—ATTEST:
E. W. M. LOW,
MYRON I. LOW, } Directors.
F. G. YORKS,

MONTHLY MEETING OF TOWN COUNCIL.

[Continued from 1st page.]

thousands of dollars had been carried along, always included in the annual statement, and on which the Town paid six per cent interest. The orders at present aggregate $16,000. There are available funds amounting to $5000, which if applied to liquidate these outstanding orders, would leave $11,000 unprovided for. His idea he said was to issue four per cent bonds to the amount of $11,000 and take up these orders. He had talked over the matter with the solicitor, and had authorized the latter to prepare an ordinance, which he would like Council to adopt. The ordinance was read, and on motion adopted. The bonds are in the amounts of $100, $200, $300 and $500, and run until 1924.

In the matter of tax exonerations, it was decided to hold a special meeting to-night, when the collector's lists will be taken up.

The matter of flushing the fire plugs occasioned a lengthy discussion among the members. It was claimed that some time was lost at the recent Woolen Mill fire owing it is said, to the inability of the firemen to get water in sufficient quantity and force, to successfully combat the flames. The discussion ended with a motion to withhold the Water Company's bill of $104.19 until all the fire plugs are placed in working order.

The misuse of and consequent blocking of the sewer on Railroad Street near Main street, which has caused much annoyance and expense of late, was considered, and the matter was referred to the committee on sewers with power to act.

Orders were drawn for bills due, after which the meeting adjourned.

THE ROYAL ARCANUM.

The following are some of the features of the Royal Arcanum:

It has over 2000 Councils. It has over 300,000 members. It has over $2,500,000 on hand in cash and bonds.

Over $7,000,000 in benefits were paid in 1903.

Over $88,000,000 in benefits have been paid since its organization.

The Royal Arcanum, in its twenty-eight years experience, by its high ideals, its conservative methods and management, by its constantly increasing membership, has become the leading Fraternal Beneficiary Order of our continent, and its sheltering care of the widows and the fatherless; its contribution to fraternal and social life; its teachings of generosity; its lines of Virtue, are only a few of its principles and objects.

Bloomsburg Council is now making a special effort to increase its membership which is already large. Fourteen new applications have been received. Dr. Bansch, District Deputy Grand Regent, has opened an office in the First National Bank building, and is spending a couple of weeks here. Now is the time to procure good, safe, life insurance in an organization of exceptional merit.

DR. MANNING'S DENIAL.

Wishes it Understood He Never Promised to Accept the Bishopric.

The Rev. Dr. Manning has requested the Rev. Dr. Foley, of Williamsport, to make the following statement: The *Dispatch*, of York, Pa., recently reported a confirmation address of Bishop Talbot, in which he was reported to have said that he had a conference with Dr. Manning prior to his election, and that Dr. Manning practically declared that he would accept. In all probability the Bishop never made any such statement, and Dr. Manning wishes it understood that he never made any such promise.

THREE DOLLARS BETTER THAN THOUSANDS.

The Marvelous New Medicine, Cal-cura Solvent, Did More Than Many Doctors. Your Money Back if it Does Not Cure.

Your pocketbook as well as your health needs consideration, but often both suffer through ignorance of the right thing to buy.

"Thousands of dollars have I paid out to doctors during my life and I don't complain of the doctors; but Dr. Kennedy's *new* medicine, Cal-cura Solvent, beats them all. Three bottles of it cured me last spring of heart trouble and terrible pains in the side, back and head. Am better than for thirty years."—H. J. Brandow, Jewett Centre, N. Y.

For $3.00 invested in Cal-cura Solvent Mr. Brandow got what he had spent thousands for in vain. Your case may be like his.

If your druggist does not have Cal-cura Solvent, write to the Cal-cura Company, Rondout, N.Y.; but ask your druggist first. $1.00 a bottle. Only one size.

Guarantee: Your druggist will return your money if Cal-cura fails to cure, and The Cal-cura Company will pay the druggist. Remember, Cal-cura Solvent cures 98% of all cases of Kidney, Bladder and Liver disorders.

The First Miracle in Cana

Sunday School Lesson for Jan. 22, 1905

Prepared by the "Highway and Byway" Preacher.

(Copyright, 1904, by J. M. Edson.)

LESSON TEXT.—John 2:1-11; Memory verse, 11. Read also John 10:22-42.

GOLDEN TEXT.—"Whatsoever He saith unto you, do it." John 2:5.

TIME.—The third day after Jesus' departure from the Jordan for Galilee mentioned in John 2:43.

PLACE.—Cana of Galilee, the home of Nathaniel.

A REMINDER.—The key text of John's Gospel, and hence of every lesson taken therefrom, is 20:31. John records this incident as an eye witness in order that we "may believe that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God; and that believing ye may have life in His name." Notice how the Divinity of Christ is attested in each lesson thus far. First, His existence traced back to the beginning with God. Second, John's witness based upon the audible and visible witness of God. Third, the witness of the first disciples. And the present lessons adds its evidence of the miracle.

The Lesson Outline.

THEME.—Jesus' glory manifested.
I.—The Occasion, vs. 1, 2.
(1) At a Wedding, v. 1.
(2) Jesus Invited, v. 2.
II.—The Opportunity, vs. 3-6.
(1) A Need and an Appeal, vs. 3, 4.
(2) Willing Servants, v. 5.
(3) Empty Jars, v. 6.
III.—The Methods, vs. 7, 8.
(1) Simple and Direct—Jesus used what they had.
(2) Transforming—Obtained what they had not.
IV.—The Results, vs. 9-11.
(1) Superior Wine, vs. 9.
(2) Competent Testimony, v. 10.
(3) Convinced Disciples, v. 11.

Comparing Scripture with Scripture.

I. The Occasion. (1) At a Wedding, v. 1.—There is no occasion or circumstance in life that may not be made radiant with the manifested glory of Jesus. It is significant that the setting of Jesus' first miracle should have been a wedding. Jesus was neither an ascetic nor a winebibber, the latter of which his enemies accused Him of being. Matt. 11:19.

(2) Jesus Invited, v. 2.—Two significant points: 1. The desire for Jesus' presence, and 2, His willingness to come. If Jesus were at more weddings to-day, there would be less marriages which prove failures and fewer divorces.

II. The Opportunity. (1) A Need and an Appeal, vs. 3, 4.—The glory of Jesus always shines forth where there is a need to supply and a turning to Him in faith for help. Comp. Phil. 4:19 with Phil. 4:6. The wine of the world is sure to fail sooner or later and then we must turn to Jesus to obtain the wine which can satisfy.

(2) Willing Servants, v. 5.—A woman with faith could inspire the servants with a willing spirit to do the Master's will. Faith wins cooperation, always. And cooperation is needed that Jesus' power and glory may be manifested.

(3) Empty Jars, v. 6.—It is the empty vessel which Jesus wants. Empty that He may fill it. Note all through this incident how dependent God's power is upon human agencies: The human need, the appeal of faith, the willing servants, and then even the empty jars.

III. The Methods. (1) Simple and Direct, v. 7.—Jesus began with what they had. Here is a wonderful lesson for every one who would render helpful ministry to others. It was the rod in Moses' hand and the sling in David's hand which God was pleased to use. Gen. 4:2; 1 Sam. 17:40. Jesus asks us to do seemingly foolish things sometimes, but if we obey it brings its reward, and its glory. In Jesus' response to the appeal we have revealed the spirit in which He had gone to the wedding. It was that He might serve others and witness to the truth. What an example for us. 1 Cor. 10:31; Col. 3.17.

(2) Transforming, v. 8.—Beginning with what they had, Jesus gave them what they had not. Water—and yet as they obediently poured out and bore to the governor of the feast, the water was transformed. The commonest things of life when poured out in service for others are transformed. Self given in living sacrifice to God is transformed into the likeness of Christ's perfect character. Rom. 12:1, 1, 2. Jesus' glory is manifested thus.

IV. The Results. (1) Superior Wine, v. 9.—Permit no discussion of the nonsensical question as to whether the wine was alcoholic or non-alcoholic. Surely, He from Whom "every good and perfect gift" comes would not supply that which would harm or destroy. God's Word cries out in no uncertain terms against strong drink.

(2) Competent Testimony, v. 10.—Ignorant of the origin of this wine, the governor appreciates its high quality. This is conclusive evidence of the miracle which Jesus had wrought.

(3) Convinced Disciples, v. 11.—No mention is made of the others in attendance on the feast as to the effect of this miracle upon them. Surely, had they believed on Jesus, Scripture would have so recorded. They could receive this wine from His hand, but they could not receive the Christ. Ah, how true this is of people to-day! Willing to take all that God has to give, but unwilling to believe in His only begotten Son. In which group would you have been, with the few disciples or the unbelieving guests, had you been there? Where do you stand to-day?

The Golden Text.

"Whatsoever He saith unto you, do it."—What a different world this would be if this injunction were obeyed! How speedily the world would be brought to Christ did every Christian obey the voice of Jesus! "Whatsoever" includes all the range of human need and service. "Do it." Though you understand not; though it may bring ridicule, or persecution, or suffering, or loss. "Do it!" and you will have: Peace and joy within, and success and blessing without. Self is an unsafe master. Whatsoever self saith unto you, do it not. But whatsoever Jesus saith to you, "do it."

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Affords you many opportunities to save you lots of money. We submit a partial list of how the savings run.

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STATEMENT OF PRESIDENT WIRT.

[Continued from 1st page.]

Water Company should also not be held responsible for the muddy water that at first comes from an open plug. It is certainly beyond the power of any management to provide clear water at once from a newly opened fire plug.

Some comment has also been made about neglect to turn on special fire pressure at the recent fire. This, too, it would seem, is a stricture by some person who knows very little about the mechanical end of the water plant. The subject cannot be discussed here further than to say, that special pressure in the low lying parts of town has not been used for eighteen years or more. About everything would go to pieces if it were done.

The plugs are invariably flushed once a month during eight months of the year. If they were flushed during the winter months they would not drain out and then freeze and burst. It is absolutely unsafe to do it during the cold months of the winter.

In every instance of flushing there has never been a plug that refused to flow properly. If they freeze they burst or break. There can be no frozen up plugs as has been claimed.

Muddy water at first, as said, cannot be avoided. The Water Company takes every precaution to give clear water for fires. A filter is drawn from, the water screened at the reservoir, and the plugs are flushed as frequently as necessary. There may be fire plugs on private property that have not been flushed by the Water Company but they are hardly to blame for that.

It is common knowledge that the town has been very fortunate as to extinguishment of fires. Our firemen have done as well as the best of them anywhere, and to them we owe the rescue of many thousands of dollars; to them we owe all praise. However, the Water Company has certainly provided means for them to accomplish about all the good that has been done.

As stated, the periodical criticism of the Water Company's obligations or undertakings every time a fire occurs, is indulged in and mostly indulged in by those who do not know, or if they know, will not reason or investigate. I repeat that the Bloomsburg Water Company through its directors has spent great sums to protect this town from fire, they have at all times thought first of the great disaster that might follow stinted arrangement for fire protection, and it seems just a bit unfair when there is so little coming to the Company in the way of money that the Council of this town or individuals should hold them up for faults not theirs. Look into it, please.

PAUL E. WIRT,
President Bloomsburg Water Co.

Charles P. Elwell will receive pupils in pianoforte and harmony. Terms reasonable. Call or address 233 West Third street. tf

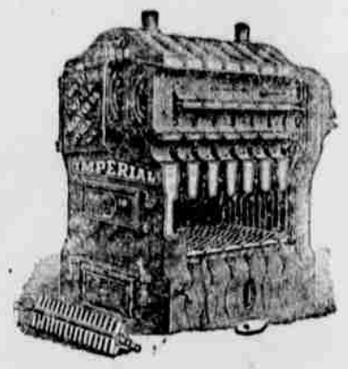
ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Reuben Boston, late of Benton township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Reuben Boston, late of Benton township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrators to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to W. A. BOSTON, } Administrators
E. M. BOSTON, } of Reuben Boston
A. N. YOST, Attorney. 1-19 6t.

P. M. REILLY,

PRATICAL PLUMBER,
Steam, Gas and Hot Water Fitter.



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The IMPERIAL is simple and durable in construction, having a maximum amount of fire surface and yet a sufficient amount of flue surface to maintain economical combustion. The overhanging fire surface in the Imperial Boiler is larger and more efficient than any other cast iron boiler now constructed as the fire impinges on both sides and bottom of the overhang and as fire surface in a boiler is from four to six times more effectual than flue surface one need not be a heating engineer to understand how exceedingly economical and effectual the Imperial Boilers are.

ALSO the Agency for the KEYSTONE COPPER FLUE BOILER with Steel Casing.

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